

# Jordan Times

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 جوردان تايمز مؤسسة سياسية مستقلة عن المؤسسة الصحفية الأردنية - الرائي

## Maghreb summit planned in Algiers

TUNIS (R) — Five North African states are preparing for their first summit, which could be held next week around the time of full meeting of Arab heads of state in Algiers, Tunisian diplomatic sources said Friday. Disputed borders prevented a summit grouping Tunisia, Libya, Morocco, Mauritania and Algeria, but all now have diplomatic relations. Algeria and Morocco renewed ties last month and Libya and Tunisia did so in December. "We shall try to have a five-way summit. There is no definite agenda... but we are going to try to achieve it, either on the fringe (of the full summit), or afterwards," one senior diplomat told Reuters. The diplomat said he believed the 12-year-old Western Sahara war need not affect North African cooperation. The war has caused serious rifts between Morocco, which claims the territory, and Algeria, which backs Polisario Front guerrillas fighting for the area's independence. "The summit would be a first step towards building a regional grouping which would act like a common market of North Africa," he added. "We are optimistic. We hope that it will take place and that it will, at least, if it does not give rise to immediate results, produce guidelines for action," he said. Maghreb states look to Algiers summit for unity, page 5

## Sharaa briefed on Moscow summit

DAMASCUS (AP) — Foreign Minister Farouk Al Sharaa has held talks in Moscow that reflected the "convergence of the Syrian and Soviet points of view" on Middle East issues, the Syrian Arab News Agency (SANA) reported Friday. The agency said Sharaa stopped off in Moscow Thursday night on his way back to Syria from an official visit to Japan and held talks with his Soviet counterpart, Eduard Shevardnadze. The news agency said he talks focused on the results of a summit in Moscow between U.S. President Ronald Reagan and Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev.

## Kaddoumi to visit Syria after summit

ABU DHABI (R) — Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) political department head Farouk Kaddoumi said in remarks published Thursday he would visit Damascus after next week's Arab summit in Algiers to resume dialogue with Syria. Kaddoumi denied rumours about new Syrian-PLO differences. "Our ties with Damascus are good and such rumours are exaggerated," he said. An Al Itihad newspaper in an interview carried out in New York where he is attending a United Nations session on disarmament.

## Israeli Labour regains lead

TEL AVIV (AP) — A public opinion poll published Friday showed an increase in support for the Labour Party. A reversal of recent surveys showing the rival Likud bloc gaining because of fears of violence from the Palestinian uprising. The results of the poll, conducted this week by the private Telstar Institute, showed that Foreign Minister Shimon Peres' Labour Party and its allies could win 53 seats in the 120-member Knesset. This contrasted with a Telstar poll in March, when the combined group of right-wing parties led by Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir's Likud bloc was predicted to win 49 seats. The latest survey, as against 51 the March polling.

## Israel detains Lebanese boat

TEL AVIV (AP) — The Israeli navy captured a Lebanese boat allegedly carrying four tons of ashish stashed in automobile tires, the Israeli army said Friday. It said the boat "Susan," flying a Jordanian flag, was seized Thursday close to the Israeli shore. Police detained all six sailors aboard, nationals of Turkey, Somalia, Honduras, Sudan and Lebanon, for questioning.

## Italian court charges Demjanjuk

AMSTERDAM (R) — Dutch Justice Minister Ruud Lubbers postponed a trip to Israel last month over the Israeli handling of the Palestinian uprising, will go ahead with the visit in July, the foreign ministry said Friday. A justice spokeswoman said Lubbers and Foreign Minister Hans van den Broek would meet Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir and Foreign Minister Shimon Peres during the official visit July 7-19.

## Italian court charges Demjanjuk

TEL AVIV (AP) — John Demjanjuk, the retired Ohio auto worker sentenced to death by an Israeli court for being Nazi war crimes, has been charged by an Italian court with alleged war crimes in Italy, an Israeli attorney said Thursday. Demjanjuk was charged in an official letter sent to him at his maximum security jail cell in the Ayalon prison near Tel Aviv, attorney Aaron Beckerman told the Associated Press. The letter, filed by the criminal examination office in Trieste, said Demjanjuk had been charged with "voluntary and continuous aggravated homicide" in Trieste during the years 1943-1945.

# King urges U.N. to halt Israel's nuclear build-up

UNITED NATIONS (Agencies) — His Majesty King Hussein Friday called on the United Nations to halt the Israeli nuclear build-up that threatened the Middle East and the world.

In a message to a special General Assembly session on Disarmament, read by Jordan's permanent delegate to the U.N. Abdullah Salah, the King said a lack of "effective international determination" was behind the continued Arab-Israeli conflicts. "The situation has become more dangerous since (Israel) introduced nuclear weapons to the Middle East region," Hussein said. "It has been building up its nuclear capabilities since the 1950s and is still continuing to develop and expand them to the extent that it now represents a terrible threat not only to the Middle East region but to the world as a whole."

"Jordan looks to the United Nations as the appropriate forum through which effective measures must be taken to ensure that the Middle East region is kept free of nuclear weapons in such a way that Israel's military nuclear programme is halted and its nuclear weapons eliminated," the King said. Citing the superpower intermediate-range missile treaty and the Afghan accords reached in Geneva in April, the King said more work remained to be done. "In order for the world to feel a real sense of reassurance, more progress must be made with regard to disarmament and to the settlement of disputes — particularly regional disputes — by peaceful means," the King said. The King said that the Middle East region was suffering from a number of conflicts, the most dangerous of which is the Arab-Israeli conflict which has led to the current state of tension and instability caused by 40 years of Israeli occupation of the Arab territories and by Israel's denial of the Palestinian people's legitimate rights. In the absence of effective international determination, the King said, Israel has been able to maintain its occupation of the Arab land, disregarding international legitimacy. Following are major excerpts from King Hussein's message: "This session is a historical event, which serves more than one purpose. In addition to pursuing discussion of means of achieving disarmament, it presents another evidence on the importance of the subject and serves as an opportunity for

underlining our commitment to the principles on which the United Nations was created. "The creation of the United Nations was the natural outcome of the Second World War when all nations called for forming an international body to serve as an active tool to cope with the world problems through a joint international will representing the hopes and aspirations of countries." "The first half of this century has witnessed two world wars which brought an unprecedented havoc and destruction to the human race. The use of nuclear weapons was the most important development in the history of war... Nuclear arms should prompt the whole world to have a lengthy pause, review its calculations and examining the unexpected results or its actions." "The tendency of states to measure its security in accordance with the volume of its arsenal has led to the grave situation today in the world... fears, suspicion and lack of confidence..."



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## Reagan says Moscow summit heralded 'new era of history'

LONDON (Agencies) — President Ronald Reagan said Friday his summit with Mikhail Gorbachev had begun "to take down the barriers" of the cold war, but vowed America would remain wary and strong as it seeks lasting changes in Soviet policies. Reagan, delivering an overview of his first visit to the Kremlin, said he had discovered Gorbachev to be "a serious man seeking serious reform" and that the superpowers may be entering "a new era of history."

Though Gorbachev had expressed disappointment that an opportunity had been lost during this week's summit, Reagan said "tangible progress" had been made on a pact to reduce the stockpiles of long-range nuclear weapons. Though aides say difficult obstacles remain, Reagan added, "such a treaty... is, I believe, now within our grasp." His speech was delivered before an audience including British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher amid the grandeur of London's Guildhall. Reagan briefed Thatcher on the summit Thursday. The president, addressing the Royal Institute of International Affairs, said he was impressed by the warmth of his reception in the Soviet capital and the scope of reforms under way in a nation he once called an "evil empire."

To those of us familiar with the post-war era, all of this is a cause for shaking the head in wonder," he said. "Imagine, the president of the United States and the general secretary of the Soviet Union walking together in Red Square, talking about a growing personal friendship and meeting together, average citizens, realising how much our people have in common," he said. Thatcher, heaping praise on Reagan in a subsequent speech, called the summit "very successful" and a personal triumph for him. "The summit has brought us closer to the more stable and peaceful relationship between East and West that we all want to see," she said. "Indeed, I believe there is now more hope between East and West than ever before in the lifetime of most of us here." Reagan, who leaves office next

## Iranian F-4 tries to hit residence of Saddam Hussein

NICOSIA (Agencies) — An Iranian F-4 fighter-bomber Friday tried to bomb Iraqi President Saddam Hussein's residence north of Baghdad, but ground defences chased the aircraft away, the Iraqi military command announced. The statement said no-one was injured. It did not say whether Hussein or any of his family were at the house in Al Oubai village near the town of Tikrit, 200 kilometres north of the capital, during the 5:55 a.m. (0155 GMT) raid. Anti-aircraft fire drove off the plane after it dropped its bomb load on a nearby area, the statement said. Baghdad Television interrupted normal programmes to broadcast the news, issued after a meeting of the ruling Revolutionary Command Council and the Baath Party regional leadership chaired by Hussein. The statement said the raid was a breach of Iraq's unilateral halt to attacks on civilian areas since April 20 and was intended to restart the "war of the cities." But Iraq would not retaliate immediately. Each side has accused the other of violating the informal truce in the missile and air raids on civilian centres which claimed hundreds of lives. The Iraqi statement did not explain how the plane flew undetected all the way from the border, 180 kilometres to the east. But military analysts say, flying at ground level, an F-4 could evade radar nets. The attempts were reported hardly 24 hours after Iran's revolutionary patriarch, Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini, appointed the powerful parliament speaker, Hashemi Rafsanjani, acting commander-in-chief. The post had been held by Khomeini himself since the takeover of the Islamic revolution in 1979. Iranian planes targeted Tikrit several times early in the war, but it has been not attacked in recent years. Political sources said the Iranians might have thought Hussein would be at home on Friday's Muslim weekend holiday. The statement said the attack was also intended to "cover up Iran's defeats at the battlefield after years of failure."

## Berri disbands Amal militia

BEIRUT (Agencies) — Lebanese Justice Minister Nabih Berri Friday disbanded his Amal militia after its defeat in a bloody power struggle with pro-Iranian fundamentalists in Beirut's southern slums last month, radio stations reported. They said Berri announced his decision at a news conference at his heavily fortified house in west Beirut that was attended only by representatives of the local media, the broadcasts said. The international media was not allowed to attend and Berri's aides said "it was just a routine meeting between Mr. Berri and the local press," according to the AP. Berri told the news conference that Amal decided to "dissolve all

militiamen in the Amal movement in all Lebanon except the south and ask them to join Amal's regular army." Shi'ite sources say Amal has an estimated 30,000 militiamen in Lebanon and around 2,000 other fighters who form its "regular army," deployed at the green line battlefield splitting Beirut into east and west. "Every gunman will go to the south to fight Israel. I ask the military command in the south to open training camps, at least one, in every village for the southern people," he said. Berri's decision means armed Amal gunmen will withdraw from all areas in Lebanon controlled by the Syrian troops. The Syrian-equipped Amal suffered a crushing defeat in the three-week war with the Iranian-backed Hizbollah (Party of God). Police said 296 people were killed and 1,000 wounded before an estimated 2,400 Syrian troops deployed in south Beirut last week to enforce a truce. Berri instructed all Amal militiamen in Beirut and the Syrian-controlled Bekaa Valley in east Lebanon to restrict their activities to politics, banning them from carrying arms or engaging in military confrontations. He was quoted as saying the militia's central political office in the Shiyah district in south Beirut would continue to function, but all other military and other offices belonging to Amal would be closed down. Amal in April crushed Hizbollah in the south and has since consolidated its grip on the area, used by resistance fighters to launch attacks against Israel's self-declared "security zone" and settlements in the Galilee.

## U.S. embassy in Beirut denies starting shooting incident

BEIRUT (Agencies) — The U.S. embassy in Beirut denied Friday that embassy bodyguards had sparked a shootout with local security men the previous day in which Ambassador John Kelly's car was hit by a bullet. "Persisting reports in the local Lebanese media indicate that the shooting involving the American ambassador's motorcade on June 2 was caused by the weapons being fired by the motorcade to clear traffic. This is false. American embassy guards do not fire their weapons to clear traffic. On June 2 the guards in the ambassador's motorcade did not fire until they were fired upon by a member of a local private security firm," an embassy statement said. No one was injured in the incident in which the bodyguards exchanged fire with rightist militiamen. The embassy was referring to the Association pour les Services d'Urgences (ASU) security company, which is linked to and trained by the main rightist Lebanese Party's militia. An ASU statement Friday did

not say who fired first but acknowledged that "the incident... was the result of misjudgement by some of the association's employees." Security sources said Thursday the shooting was triggered by Kelly's bodyguards firing into the air to clear heavy midday traffic for the motorcade on the coastal Antelias highway in east Beirut. They said militiamen in a nearby Falange office who heard the shooting fired back, thinking it was aimed at one of their members driving ahead of the ambassador's motorcade. Witnesses and residents in east Beirut told Reuters they had frequently seen bodyguards escorting Kelly's motorcade fire into the air to clear traffic. In Washington, State Department spokeswoman Phyllis Oakley said Thursday's incident was sparked by a "traffic altercation."

"Our preliminary conclusion is that it was not a planned ambush or assassination attempt," Oakley said. "No U.S. or Lebanese personnel at the embassy were wounded. We have no reports that anyone else was injured."

## Settler kills West Bank villager Palestinians stage 3-day strike to protest Shultz visit

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) — Jewish settlers killed a West Bank villager Friday as Palestinians began a three-day strike to protest against a return Middle East peace mission by U.S. Secretary of State George Shultz. Palestinian sources said Mustapha Ahmad Odeh Al Khalikia, 20, was killed by a single bullet to the chest fired when settlers clashed with residents of Shuyukh village near Hebron, sources quoted by Reuters said. The AP said two other Palestinians were wounded in their legs or arms and four suffered beating injuries or the effects of tear-gas

when a protest broke out in the village. The Israeli army put 190,000 Palestinians under restrictions to prevent any violence on the opening day of the three-day strike called to protest the Shultz visit. A leaflet calling for the shutdown said Shultz was trying to abort the uprising. Most Palestinian shops in the occupied areas were closed and traffic was at a standstill in response to the strike call. On Thursday, Israeli soldiers in Gaza broadcast warnings through loudspeakers telling building owners to whitewash over anti-Israeli slogans on their walls or

face fines of 1,500 shekels \$1,000 and up to five years in prison. Identity cards of some residents were seized to force them to comply, an Arab reporter said. Palestinians said the three-day strike also coincided with the anniversary Saturday of Israel's 1983 invasion of Lebanon and the anniversary Sunday of the 1967 war. The Israeli army planned to reopen West Bank high schools on Monday as part of a gradual return to classes closed in February because of the uprising. In Gaza City, the army sealed

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## Shultz begins new shuttle with 'no particular indication' of success

CAIRO (Agencies) — U.S. Secretary of State George Shultz, launching his fourth Middle East shuttle this year, Friday night urged Arabs and Israelis to stop denying each other's right to negotiate within the framework of a U.S. peace plan. But Shultz told reporters on a flight from London that he has "no particular indication" of changes in positions since his last failed effort two months ago. In a five-page arrival statement, Shultz said the root of the Arab-Israeli dispute "is the competition between two national movements for sovereignty on one land." He said neither the Palestinians nor the Israelis seems able to abandon "prejudices, hatred and

overblown dreams" in favour of a negotiated settlement. Despite the traditional impasse, however, Shultz said there was room for Israeli and Palestinian to live side-by-side in Israel, the West Bank and Gaza. "Arabs and Israelis are not engaged in a winner-take-all competition," Shultz said. "A fair settlement is possible, even though people have difficulty conceiving how to achieve it." Shultz's five-day mission will take him from Egypt to Jordan, Israel and Syria, with a little sightseeing on the side. He flew here from London, where he had accompanied President Ronald Reagan en route home from the Moscow summit. Shultz will also brief Middle

East leaders on the Moscow summit, where Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev said the superpowers had narrowed their differences on how to fashion Middle East peace settlement. Israel's right-wing prime minister, Yitzhak Shamir, was unimpressed by Gorbachev's remarks. "Our fate and future will not be determined or decided in Washington or Moscow..." he told reporters Wednesday. Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat said that Shultz was "moving round in a vicious circle." In an interview with Abu Dhabi television aired late Thursday, Arafat said Shultz was not going

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## S. Arabia seeks to rally GCC ranks

KUWAIT (R) — Saudi Arabia is likely to seek support for its rupture in ties with Iran at a meeting of Arab Gulf foreign ministers in Jeddah Saturday, officials and diplomats in the region said. Relations with the revolutionary government in Tehran, Iraq gains on the Gulf war battlefield and the Palestinian uprising in the occupied territories are expected to top the Gulf Cooperation Council (GCC) agenda. Iraq's recent victories against Iran including the recapture of the occupied Fao Peninsula and its southern Shalamcheh marshlands have boosted morale in the Arab Gulf states. But the war appears no closer to an end and the GCC remains threatened by an overspill of the fighting. The foreign ministers of Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Oman, Qatar, Bahrain and the United Arab Emirates (UAE) are expected to discuss international efforts to end the war and reiterate support for United Nations Resolution 598 which calls for a ceasefire, the officials said. They are also expected to coordinate views ahead of next week's Arab summit in Algiers due to focus on how to back the six-month-old Palestinian uprising in the Israeli-occupied territories. The ministers are meeting for the first time since Saudi Arabia severed relations with Iran April 26, accusing it of trying to export its brand of Islamic fundamentalism through violence. Just weeks before next month's annual pilgrimage to Mecca, the GCC is likely to support Saudi moves to prevent a repeat of last year's violence in which more than 400 pilgrims were killed. The kingdom has slashed the number of Iranian pilgrims allowed into the country after they clashed with Saudi security forces during demonstrations last year. The diplomats and officials said they did not expect Saudi Arabia to insist that the other GCC states to follow its break with Tehran, only to express general support for moves to ensure its security. Two GCC states — Oman and the UAE — have historic trading and strategic ties with Tehran and argue that dialogue, not confrontation, is the best way of dealing with Iranian threats to GCC states. Assistant GCC Secretary General for Political Affairs Saif Al Maskari told a Saudi newspaper this week "the GCC states as a whole and without exception completely appreciate the position taken by Saudi Arabia to cut its ties with Iran." But in the same interview he added: "Continuation of dialogue and contacts between some GCC states and Iran in the end serves what all are anxious for, to remove dangers from the region."

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## Hekmatyar: Soviet pullout marks end of Najibullah

STOCKHOLM (Agencies) — An Afghan Mujahedeen leader was quoted on Friday as saying his forces would topple the pro-Soviet Kabul government the day the last Soviet soldier left the capital. "The day the Soviet Union pulls out of Kabul is the day we are there. Without the Russians, (President) Najibullah's regime has no chance of survival," Gulbuddin Hekmatyar, leader of the seven-party Islamic Unity of Afghanistan Mujahedeen, told the Swedish Aftonbladet newspaper. "We see it out in the field. When the Russians pull out, the Mujahedeen take over," Hekmatyar, an Islamic hardliner, told the Swedish daily in an interview at an Afghan refugee camp in Peshawar, Pakistan. Western analysts have said the fall of Najibullah's People's Democratic Party of Afghanistan (PDPA) regime, previously widely tipped as Soviet troops pulled out, may yet be averted because of a lack of solidarity among the rebels. But Hekmatyar said a broad unity was growing among Mujahedeen leaders and politicians in exile. "Unity is growing. An interim government is in the process of being built. Our military commanders will take their place in the ruling council of our alliance," Hekmatyar said.

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## New Iranian army chief vows war will continue

NICOSIA (Agencies) — Iran's new acting commander-in-chief, Hashemi Rafsanjani, Friday told Iranians they must take the war with Iraq "more seriously" following recent defeats at the war fronts. Addressing a prayer congregation in Tehran, he said there should be "no compromise, no submission and no backing down from our rights" in the war, the Islamic Republic News Agency (IRNA) said. "We should take the situation more seriously," Rafsanjani told the worshippers, conceding that this is something which he said "we have started doing." Iran has suffered two recent major defeats at the war front. IRNA referred to the 53-year-old politician as the "temporary speaker" of parliament. He was elected temporary speaker during a parliament session May 29. According to parliamentary rules a permanent speaker cannot be chosen until the credentials of new deputies to the parliament

have been approved, a process which has not been completed following recent elections. The agency reported that Rafsanjani sent a cable to the 87-year-old Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini thanking the patriarch for appointing him acting commander-in-chief. Khomeini ordered Rafsanjani Thursday to take charge of the regular army, the Revolutionary Guards and other armed forces, to coordinate them, merge overlapping support departments and mobilise the people for the war effort. Rafsanjani said Khomeini, who remains constitutionally commander-in-chief, could not, and was not expected to, personally attend to all aspects of the armed forces. Political analysts said Rafsanjani's appointment would also strengthen his hand in the leadership where differences have appeared over major economic and social issues.

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His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan is being received by Prime Minister Zaid Rifai, Chief of the Royal Court Marwan Al Qasem, Court Minister Adnan Abu Odeh, and Chief Chamberlain Prince Ra'd Ibn Zaid (Petra photo)

## Crown Prince returns

AMMAN (Petra, J.T.) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan returned to Amman on Thursday evening at the end of an economic and trade investment tour in the United States. Prince Hassan had attended the opening of an investment seminar in Atlanta, Georgia and another

one at Pittsburgh advocating Jordanian-U.S. business relations and promoting economic and trade ties between the two countries. Upon his return to Amman the Prince was greeted by Prime Minister Zaid Rifai, Chief of the Royal Court Marwan Al Qasem, and other officials.

## France honours Jordanian officials

AMMAN (J.T.) — The French Ambassador to Jordan, Patrick Leclercq, has presented decorations in the "Ordre des Arts et Lettres" to the former Minister of Information, Culture, Tourism and Antiquities, Mr. Mohamed Al Khalib, the Secretary General of the Ministry of Tourism, Mr. Nasri Attala, and to Mrs. Mira Khouri from the Ministry of Tourism.

The decorations are related to their contribution to the organisation of the Exhibition "La Voie Royale, 9000 ans d'art au Royaume de Jordanie" which took place in Paris during the winter 1986/87 and was an outstanding success which attracted

tens of thousands of visitors who discovered the exceptional richness of Jordan's archaeological heritage as well as contemporary aspects of pictorial creation in the Kingdom, therefore contributing to its better knowledge and encouraging the development of tourism.

The French ambassador paid tribute to the role that the personalities receiving the decorations had taken, in the various aspects of their activities, in the reinforcement of the excellent relations enjoyed today by France and Jordan and welcomed the testimony of gratitude that the French authorities had decided to bestow upon them.

## U.S. scholar to speak on alternative energy

AMMAN (J.T.) — Dr. Thomas Stauffer, Adjunct Professor for Energy Studies at Georgetown University's Centre for Contemporary Arab Studies, will be visiting Amman June 7 and 8 under the auspices of the American Cultural Centre's Speakers Programme. During his visit the Natural Resources Authority will host two public lectures by him:

On Tuesday, June 7 at 12 noon, Dr. Stauffer will speak on "Natural Resources Availability" at the offices of the Natural Resources Authority. On Wednesday, June 8, at 5:00 p.m., he will speak on "Alternative Energy Resources" in the auditorium of the Ministry of Energy. Both lectures will be in English and are open to the public.

## Dialogue on U.S. elections

AMMAN (J.T.) — On Wednesday, June 8, at 3:00 p.m., the American Centre in Amman will receive a broadcast of a call-in television conference on the U.S. presidential elections. The programme, being broadcast from Washington D.C., over the Worldnet television system, will feature a roundtable discussion of the California primaries by a panel of journalists and commentators. Viewers in Jordan and other

countries may call the Washington studio during the programme with questions and remarks for panel members.

The programme host will be Paul Duke, a noted political commentator and host of the weekly news programme "Washington Week in Review." Other panel member will be Andrew J. Glass, Bureau Chief of Cox Newspapers.

## UNRWA teachers freeze demands

By a Jordan Times Staff Writer

AMMAN — Some 4,000 teachers working for the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East (UNRWA), now involved in a dispute with the agency's administration over wages and conditions of services, have decided to temporarily freeze their earlier decision to suspend study at schools, a memorandum issued by the teachers executive committee said on Wednesday.

Addressing UNRWA's Commissioner General Giorgio Giacomelli, the teachers, said in their memorandum that while postponing their action for the interest of students, they will still

boycott all UNRWA officials for three days beginning Tuesday.

The memo, signed by the teachers executive committee chairman Adnan Hamad said that the committee will postpone its measure until the beginning of the new scholastic year to allow UNRWA administration enough time to study their case and respond to their demands as specified in a letter sent early in May by UNRWA's staff union in the region to the agency's commissioner.

The chairman of UNRWA's staff union Fayez Abu Aqlain had sent a letter to Giacomelli May 15, briefing him on the dispute.

The union includes all UNRWA staff unions in the agency's

area of operations, Jordan, Syria, Lebanon and the occupied Arab territories of the West Bank and Gaza Strip. The union's membership totals 17,000.

In his letter Abu Aqlain has said that the agency did not honour a previous agreement with the staff, that provided for undertaking salary surveys from time to time and in comparison with civil servants and other local employees.

He called on the commissioner general to reconsider the survey policy and to reactivate the agreement.

He further called on the top UNRWA official to cause the inter-staff union to convene, noting that it has not met for more

than two years. Abu Aqlain asked that the conference be held during the second week of July, either in Amman or Damascus, and that Arab members to the Provident Fund's Advisory Commission be present to report on the fund's new investment policy. The staff representative also called on the commissioner general to effect payments of all amounts due to the staff, as a result of the agency's austerity measures that included the suspension of increases and allowances that the agency's staff used to enjoy.

However, UNRWA officials maintained that the wages and security benefits offered to their teachers are better than those offered to local teachers.

## Jordanian film acclaimed at West German film week

OBERHAUSEN (INP) — Al Hidae (shoes), the debut film by Jordanian director Mohammad Allouh, has received high acclaim from film critics and the public at the 34th West German Short Film Festival held recently in Oberhausen.

The 13-minute short film is about a young school boy in a Palestinian refugee camp in Jordan who leaves the camp one day to search for a better future. Film critics hailed the lone Jordanian competition entry as a "true depiction of the realities of the refugee life as seen through the eyes of a young school boy."

A large crowd of film-makers from different countries, critics and film fans watched Al Hidae during the competition screening and afterwards participated in discussion with the director on his film and the situation of cinema in Jordan.

Allouh, who had directed several video productions and TV programmes for Jordan television, spoke of the lack of facilities in his country for film-making and expressed the view that short and documentary films deserved much greater attention.

He pointed out that Al Hidae was the first film made in Jordan for several years. Because of the difficulty to get film and equipment many directors are turning to video production. His film was made with the support of the Jordanian Artists' Association and most of its work including direction, script-writing and film montage were done by Allouh himself. He was assisted only by a cameraman and a sound engineer.

The Jordanian director, who is presently attending an advanced programme in film-making at the Polish Film Academy in Lodz, said in an interview that he was quite pleased by the public responses to his film in Oberhausen. The film had received invitations from international film festivals in Sweden, Turkey and Spain, he said. Several European television stations including the Zweites Deutsche Fernsehen (ZDF) of the Federal Republic of



Mr. Mohammad Allouh (right) in conversation with the president of the 34th West German Short Film Festival's International Jury Mr. Ambros Eichenberger (left) and the Director of the Mannheim International Film Week Fee Vaillant (centre) (Photo INP/Matthew)

Germany have shown interest in buying the film.

Allouh says that by selling his film, he hopes to raise the finances for his next film which is in the planning stage. It also deals with the situation of the Palestinian refugees in Jordan. He thanked the organisers of the film festival for inviting his film to this "Mecca of short films" and said that its screening in the competition programme had further enhanced its international prestige. Al Hidae had already won the honours of the Krakow short and documentary film festival in Poland and a short film festival in France, he said.

The Jordanian director, who attended the Oberhausen Short Film Week for the first time, said he was highly impressed by the organisation of the film festival. He is now quite convinced about the short film week's importance for developing nations, especially for those whose film industry is at a very early stage of development. The Oberhausen film festival is doing a great contribution towards the development of the national film industries of Asian, African and Latin American countries by inviting their films and film-makers to this leading annual event of the short and documentary film world.

Continuing its long tradition of providing a forum for dialogue

through films between different cultures, the 34th short film week featured a major exposition of the Third World cinema and brought film-makers even from some remote parts of Asia, Africa and Latin America. The regional focus was this time devoted to Latin America from where 45 films provided a comprehensive view of the

different shades and new trends of film production in this region. The Arab cinema received considerable attention this time as a result of the competition screenings of Al Hidae, the Somali entry *Geedka Nololsha* (the tree of life) by Abdulkadir Ahmed Said and the Tunisian film *Suer* (Sweet) by Nagazi Amor. *Geedka Nololsha* emerged as one of the most successful participant among the 94 films from 37 countries competed by winning two top awards and a total cash prize of DM 4,000. The Tunisian entry was honoured with the second prize of the jury of the International Film Critics (FIPRESCI).

The presence of the directors of these competition entries as well as film-makers and critics from Egypt, Syria and Tunisia helped to boost public interest in this year's show of Arab films. The film festival's highest honour, the Grand Prize of the City of Oberhausen, endowed with DM 5,000, was awarded this time to the Soviet competition entry *Wozzraschenie* (the return) and the Canadian film *Our Marilyn*.

By K.M. Mathew

## Britain donates computers to Jordanian schools

AMMAN (Petra, J.T.) — The ministry of education has received 12 microcomputers as a gift from the British government to be used for training students at Jordanian schools.

The gift was formally presented to Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Education Thouqan Hindawi at the ministry's computer department on Thursday by British Ambassador to Jordan Anthony Reeve in the presence of senior ministry officials.

Hindawi expressed the government's appreciation to Britain for the gift and praised the existing ties of cooperation between the United Kingdom and Jordan in educational fields in general and computer-training programmes in particular.

In his speech on the occasion Hindawi reviewed the ministry of education's programmes in intro-

ducing computer training courses to schools. The ambassador, for his part, voiced his government's deep satisfaction with the ties of cooperation between the two sides in educational fields.

The computers, banded to the ministry on Thursday, are identical to those now being provided to the Kingdom's secondary schools under the United Kingdom-Jordan loan agreement. The director of the ministry's syllabus department said that the British computers will be installed at 90 additional schools, thus raising the total number of schools with computer training programmes in the Kingdom to 160.

Among those attending the presentation ceremony was Dr. Munther Al Masri, Secretary General of the Ministry of Education and the British Council representative in Amman.

## JTV Channel 2 Preview

Sat. — June 4, 1988

3:00 Tennis — Ladies Singles Live from Paris

8:30 Mr. Belvedere

9:10 Man and Music Beethoven: The Age of Revolution

Beethoven's first years in Vienna coincide with the rise to power of Napoleon and the ensuing wars which ravaged the whole continent. This was a period in which music had more impact, was on a larger scale. Beethoven's music — both chamber and orchestral — reflects these tendencies. In a work such as the *Eroica* — originally dedicated to Napoleon — Beethoven touches on great historical themes in a way never attempted by earlier composers.

10:20 Feature Film The Proud of the Damned

Starring: Chuck Connors Aron Kinkaid

1870 in the wild west. The story begins when a group of Americans cross the Mexican borders running away from the civil war. They find that it's not an easy job to do.

Sun. — June 5, 1988

4:15 Tennis: Men's Singles Final Live from Paris

8:30 Check it Out

9:10 Japan

This major four-part documentary series presents a British impression of the country, examining how its ancient traditions blend with its new technology and modern trends, and asking how this combination of old and new helps shape the society and its people. The first programme, *The Electronic Tribe*, focuses on the contrasts between the present-day life of factory workers and the inherited religious and rural customs still found in the ordinary home.

10:20 Private Eye

11:10 Rich Man, Poor Man

Mon. — June 6, 1988

8:30 Perfect Strangers

9:10 Secret Army

10:20 Feature Film Full Circle

A well known doctor works hard with his wife in laboratory. His wife gets fed up with work without pleasure and falls in love with an assistant.

Tue. — June 7, 1988

8:30 I Married Dora

Called in for questioning by the Immigration Service, panic-stricken Peter and Dora promise wholeheartedly to sleep together, as proof that they are a loving married couple.

9:10 Nuclear Weapons Last part

The View From Moscow

10:20 Murder She Wrote No Accounting for Murder

A director of a company gets murdered in his office. A nephew of Mrs. Fletcher, who is an employee of the company is the suspect. The wife is suspected too. Mrs. Fletcher uncovers the murder.

11:10 Rich Man, Poor Man

Wed. — June 8, 1988

8:30 Guinness Records

Surfers often face danger when riding waves, but fewer than a dozen are brave and skillful enough to challenge the monster surf of Waimea Bay, Oahu. Here the waves regularly tower 25 feet or more, the highest rideable surf on Earth. "The Spectacular World of Guinness Records" introduces you to Kenny Bradshaw, the most famous tamer of Waimea's crushingly huge swells. Bradshaw expounds on the risk and thrills of high-wave surfing. Guinness' cameras capture his daring attempts to ride Waimea's wildest, record-breaking waves!

9:00 Hooperman

9:30 Twilight Zone Little Boy Lost

10:20 The Other Kingdom New Drama-series

Amy Matthews has a loving family, a successful career and many close friends. She is in the prime of her life when she discovers a lump in her breast. The discovery ushers in a nightmare experience, one that will test every ounce of her courage, patience and strength.

Thur. — June 9, 1988

8:30 Charlie Chaplin

9:10 Anna of the Five Towns

10:20 Feature Film The Whistler Blower

Starring: Michael Caine James Fox

Fri. — June 10, 1988

8:30 Carol Burnett & Friends

9:10 Magnum

10:20 Falcon Crest Hat Trick

11:10 Rich Man, Poor Man

## TV & RADIO

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 77111-19

PROGRAMME ONE  
15:30 Korean  
15:50 Programme review  
15:55 Cartoons and children programmes  
17:55 Olympic Games  
18:10 Local series  
19:00 Message from Iraq  
19:10 Family programme  
20:00 News in Arabic  
20:35 Arabic series  
21:30 Local programme  
22:05 Arabic play  
23:00 News summary in Arabic  
23:10 Play continued.

PROGRAMME TWO  
15:00 French Open tennis championship from Paris (live)  
18:30 French programme  
19:00 News in French  
19:15 UN DB de plus  
19:30 News in Hebrew  
20:00 News in Arabic  
20:30 Mr. Schneider  
21:00 Magazine (U)  
21:10 Man and Music (documentary)  
22:00 News in English  
22:10 Feature film: "The Proud and Damned"

RADIO JORDAN 85.5 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM & partly on 95.0 KHz, SW Tel: 77111-19

07:00 Morning Show  
07:30 Newsdesk  
08:00 Morning Show  
08:30 News Summary  
10:05 Morning Show Cont.  
11:00 Hissville: The Story of Motown  
12:00 News Summary  
12:05 Pop Session  
13:00 News Summary  
13:05 Pop Session  
14:00 News Bulletin  
14:30 Jordan Weekly  
15:00 Concert Hour  
16:00 News Summary  
16:05 Instrumental Old favourites  
17:00 Special Feature  
17:30 Good Old Days  
18:00 News Summary  
18:05 Top Twenty  
19:00 Newsdesk/Music  
20:00 The Young Sound  
20:30 Discovering Music  
21:00 The Musical in Review  
22:00 Country Music  
22:00 Classical Concerts  
24:00 Close Down

BBC WORLD SERVICE 639, 720, 1323 KHz

07:00 Newsdesk 07:30 Here's Humph!  
07:45 Reflections 07:50 Financial News  
08:00 World News 08:45 24 Hours  
News Summary 08:50 Personal View  
09:05 The World Today 09:15 Newsdesk  
09:30 Meridian 10:00 World News  
10:05 24 Hours News Summary 10:30  
From the Weekends 10:45 Network UK  
11:00 World News 11:05 Reflections  
11:15 A Jolly Good Show 12:00 World  
News 12:05 British Press Review 12:15  
The World Today 12:30 Financial  
News followed by Sports Roundup  
12:45 Personal View 13:00 News Summary  
13:05 Here's Humph! 13:15 Letter  
from America 13:30 People and Politics  
14:00 World News 14:05 News  
14:15 Personal View 14:30 News Summary  
14:35 Newsdesk 14:45 News  
14:50 Sports Roundup 15:00 World News  
15:05 Twenty-Four Hours News Summary  
15:10 Network UK 15:15 Sports  
Roundup 15:20 World News 15:25  
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VOICE OF AMERICA MW 1260 & SW 7210, 9565, 11740, 11925 and 15210 KHz  
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## WHAT'S GOING ON

TODAY'S EVENTS

### EXHIBITIONS

\* Permanent book exhibition, at Tower Building, Jabal Amman, 3rd Circle.

\* A permanent exhibition of plastic art by 27 Arab artists at the Plaza Hotel.

\* An art exhibition by Her Royal Highness Princess Zeid at the Royal Cultural Centre.

### LECTURES

\* A lecture by Dr. Subhi Naser entitled "The Beauty of the Daba's Marble, Colouration and Mineralization" at the Goethe Institute at 8 p.m.

\* Cultural evening at Abdul Hamid Shukran Foundation by Mahmoud Al Rikawi at 8:00 p.m.

### CULTURAL CENTRES

Royal Cultural Centre .. Tel. 6610267  
American Centre .. 644371  
British Centre .. 641520  
French Centre .. 6361478  
Goethe Institute .. 641993  
Soviet Cultural Centre .. 64203  
Spanish Cultural Centre .. 62409  
Turkish Cultural Centre .. 639777  
Haya Arts Centre .. 665198  
Husseini Youth Club .. 667816  
Y.W.C.A. .. 641793  
Y.M.C.A. .. 664251  
Amman Municipal Library .. 637111  
Univ. of Jordan Library .. 843555

### MUSEUMS

"Children's Heritage and Science Museum" Fun and knowledge for all ages, plus a small planetarium at the Haya Arts Centre. Open all week 9:00 a.m. - 1:00 p.m. and 3:30 p.m. - 6:00 p.m. Closed on Friday.

Folklore Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9:00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 651760.  
Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the anti-

quities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qaf'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10:00 a.m. to 4:00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays.

Mariyeh's Memorial (Military Museum): Collection of military memorabilia dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours: 9:00 a.m. - 4:00 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 664240.

SERVICE CLUBS  
The Amman Lions Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Regency Palace Hotel, 7:30 p.m.  
Lions Philadelphian Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Amman Hotel, 7:30 p.m.  
Philadelphian Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn, 1:30 p.m.  
Rotary Club. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2:00 p.m.  
Royal Automobile Club. Jabal Amman, Eighth Circle. Tel. 816534, 817534.

CHURCHES  
St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic): Jabal Amman, Tel. 624590.  
Church of the Annunciation (Roman Catholic): Jabal Lweidbeh, Tel. 637440.  
De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic): Jabal Hussein, Tel. 661757.  
Terra Santa Church (Roman Catholic): Jabal Lweidbeh, mass in Italian language, meet every Saturday at 5:30 p.m. Tel. 622366.  
Church of the Annunciation (Greek Orthodox): Abdali, Tel. 623541.  
Anglican Church (Church of the Redeemer): Jabal Amman, Tel. 625383, chaplain's residence tel. 601359.  
Armenian Catholic Church: Ashrafieh, Tel. 771331.  
Armenian Orthodox Church: Ashrafieh, Tel. 775261.  
St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Orthodox): Ashrafieh, Tel. 771751.  
Annam International Church (Inter-denominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, Tel. 677534.  
Evangelical Lutheran Church (Church of the Good Shepherd): Amman, Arabic Service: Sunday 7 p.m. Rev. N. Smir 811295.  
Rainbow Congregation (meets at the Good Shepherd Church): Inter-denominational-ecumenical English Service: Saturday 6:30 p.m. Tel. 825605, Rev. Veli.  
The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints (Mormon): 815817, 821264.

## FOR THE TRAVELLER

QUEEN ALIA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT  
This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RJ) information department at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08) 53201-5, where it should always be verified.

ARRIVALS  
ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminal 1)  
07:30 Singapore, Kuala Lumpur (RJ)  
10:00 Agaba (RJ)  
10:30 Cairo (RJ)  
10:30 Dhahran (RJ)  
10:30 Kuwait (RJ)  
10:35 Karachi, Dubai (RJ)  
11:00 Abu Dhabi, Bahrain (RJ)  
11:30 Athens (RJ)  
11:30 New York, Vienna



NATIONAL NEWS BRIEFS

**ROYAL DECREES:** A royal decree was issued Thursday endorsing the amendment affecting the law on Armed Forces' cadres, in addition to the salaries and promotions of the General Security men. Another royal decree was also issued approving the amendment of the law dealing with construction in cities and villages. The decree stipulates for alleviating restrictions on construction permits in rural areas.

**GRADUATION:** Her Royal Highness Princess Alia Friday patronised Al Saadab secondary girls school graduation celebration and presented certificates to 12 graduate students.

**GRADUATION:** Her Royal Highness Princess Taghrid Thursday presented diplomas to a new batch of graduates of the Rosary School for Girls at the Palace of Culture in Amman.

**GRADUATION:** Her Royal Highness Princess Alia Al Faisal Wednesday presented diplomas to the graduates of Al Ahliya School for Girls and Bishop School for Boys at the Palace of Culture in Al Hussein Sports City. Bishop School Director Juries Halasa delivered a speech praising the achievements Jordan attained under the leadership of His Majesty King Hussein.

**MEETING:** Transport and Communications Minister Khaled Al Haj Hassan Thursday received Indonesian Ambassador in Amman Mr. Garnawan. During the meeting they discussed means to promote cooperation in the field of transport and communications.

**DELEGATION:** Foreign Ministry Secretary General Nabih Al Nimer Thursday left for Tunis to lead a delegation representing the Jordanian government to a commemorative celebration in honour of late Khalil Al Wazir.

**BULGARIAN GUEST:** Lower House Speaker Akef Al Fayez Thursday received Bulgarian Communist Party Central Committee Secretary Demetro Stanishev. They discussed, in the presence of the Bulgarian Ambassador in Jordan, bilateral relations particularly on the parliamentary level.

**AGRICULTURE:** The Faculty of Agriculture at the University of Jordan organised a field day in the Jordan Valley on growing tomato and cucumber in pue sand. The College of Agriculture had carried out several experiments in association with the French government in this regard. These experiments bore positive results.

**TRANSFERRED:** Jordanian Ambassador in Damascus Ali Khreis Thursday met with Speaker of the Syrian People's Council Abdul Qadir Qaddurah, Trade and Commerce Minister Mohammad Al Amadi, and Information Minister Mohammad Salman at the conclusion of his tour of duty in Syria.

**FAMILY PLANNING:** Health Minister Zaid Hamzeh Thursday discussed with chairman and members of the Family Planning Society issues pertaining to family care and birth spacing and its positive effects on the family and the society at large.

**TRAINING:** Queen Alia Jordan Social Welfare Fund has organised a five-day training course for school supervisors in Karak and Tafleeh governorates on methods of teaching slow learners at the government schools. The five day course, which was organised in cooperation with the Karak branch of the disabled welfare society, included lectures and theoretical and practical applications of the modern methods in dealing with slow learners and discovering their talents and mental abilities.

**CERTIFICATES:** Agriculture Ministry Secretary General Saleh Al Lawzi Thursday presented certificates to 14 agricultural extension workers, who have completed a training course held at the ministry. The course aimed at acquainting the agricultural extension workers in Zarqa River Basin Development project on the duties assigned to them at the project.

**WATER:** Water and Irrigation Minister Ahmad Dakhan Thursday briefed the water department staff in Zarqa on the new organisational structures of the Water Authority of Jordan, aimed to ease decentralisation and define duties of each department and improve staff performance.

## Ministry of Education finalises preparation for 89 school year

AMMAN (Petra) — The Ministry of Education has completed all preparations for the coming 1988-1989 scholastic year in the accordance to the resolutions adopted by the first Jordanian educational conference held in Amman last September. Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Education Thouqan Hindawi announced Friday.

In a statement to the Jordan News Agency, Petra, the minister said that preparations cover all arrangements for appointment, transfer and secondment of men and women teachers — a process finalised at such an early date for the first time in the Kingdom's history.

These arrangements have been taken before the end of the current scholastic year so as to avoid any confusion or complication for the ministry or its education de-

partments and teachers, long before the commencement of the new scholastic year and also to enable schools to start lessons on the first day of the coming year, on mid August, Hindawi noted.

Hindawi said that ministry officials have been busy over the past months working out the new arrangements in accordance with a carefully studied plan for the implementation of the educational conference's resolutions.

According to the minister, arrangements have been made for spending up to 1,479 teachers to Arab Gulf states in the coming year. These, he said, will be employed in Qatar, Oman, Kuwait, North Yemen, and Saudi Arabia.

The minister said that teachers' transfer between the Kingdom's different regions will take into account teachers' preference and

educational needs.

He also said that first-graders to be admitted to government schools should be six years of age by Dec. 31 in the year of admission and that directors of education departments in cooperation with local governors will be charged with ensuring that eligible children are all admitted to school and allowed to acquire compulsory education at the primary and preparatory levels.

Hindawi announced that new teachers of both sexes will be employed to work at schools but priority will be given to those holding higher university degrees, and those graduating as far back as 1980 and onwards. He said that the chance will be open also for community college graduates to get employment and university graduates to get part time jobs at schools.

## Abu Nuseir to get 8 kindergartens

AMMAN (Petra, J.T.) — The Housing Corporation will set up eight kindergartens and nurseries for children at Abu Nuseir housing estate to accommodate about 1,500 children, according to the corporation director Yusef Hiyasi.

In a statement to the Jordan News Agency, Petra, released Friday, Hiyasi said that the cor-

poration has opened the door for investors to set up the project within the Abu Nuseir housing estate for the benefit of the local residents.

Prospecting investors have until the end of the June 1988 to offer bids to the corporation for setting up the new buildings at the estate and if approved they will be offered six months to carry

out their projects. Hiyasi noted. He said that investors can set up buildings and the cost of these buildings will be considered as an advance payment of rent to the corporation spread over a period of years to be agreed upon with the corporation.

The bids, he added, should clearly contain details about specifications and designs

## Mobile litterers will be fined

AMMAN (Petra) — Motorists, passengers and all users of vehicles in the Kingdom will be liable to heavy fines if caught throwing trash on the roads or travelling in improper or indecent clothing, according to new measures introduced by the Public Security Department (PSD).

A PSD statement issued Thursday said that people dumping trash from vehicles in motion or stationary will be fined up to JD 50.

## Ministry studies children health

MAAN (Petra) — A team from the Health Ministry has embarked on a week-long tour of the Maan Governorate to determine the number of children receiving inoculation against infectious diseases and to conduct a study on the mortality rate among

the local population.

The campaign coincides with another one carried out by the Jordan National Red Crescent Society to offer urgent assistance to poor and needy families in Maan and other towns and villages in the Kingdom.

## NHF, JCO to breed bees in Karak

AMMAN (Petra) — The Noor Al Hussein Foundation (NHF) and the Jordan Cooperative Organisation (JCO) will jointly finance a project for bee breeding and the production of honey at Al

Aina district near the Mazar Janoubi in the Karak Governorate.

The project will be carried out in cooperation with the local women union at Mu'ab.



His Majesty the King watering the tree of life at the Martyrs Monument

## King attends Armed Forces day

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein on Thursday attended a ceremony organised by the Armed Forces on the Great Arab Revolt and Army Day anniversaries.

The ceremony was held at the Martyrs' Monument with the attendance of the King's sons Their Royal Highnesses Prince Abdullah and Faisal, Prime Minister Zaid Rifai, Armed

Forces Commander in Chief Field Marshal Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker, senior government officials and high ranking army officers.

King Hussein reviewed the guard of honour and watered the olive tree, in the monument's grounds.

Later King Hussein distributed medals to senior officers of the Armed Forces and Public Intel-

ligence and Civil Defence departments at a ceremony held at the Sports City and met with well wishers who included prominent Jordanian figures, heads of bedouin tribes, heads of diplomatic missions, senior government officials and other guests.

Sharif Zaid hosted a lunch at the Sports City in honour of the King attended by a large number of guests.



The King decorates army officers

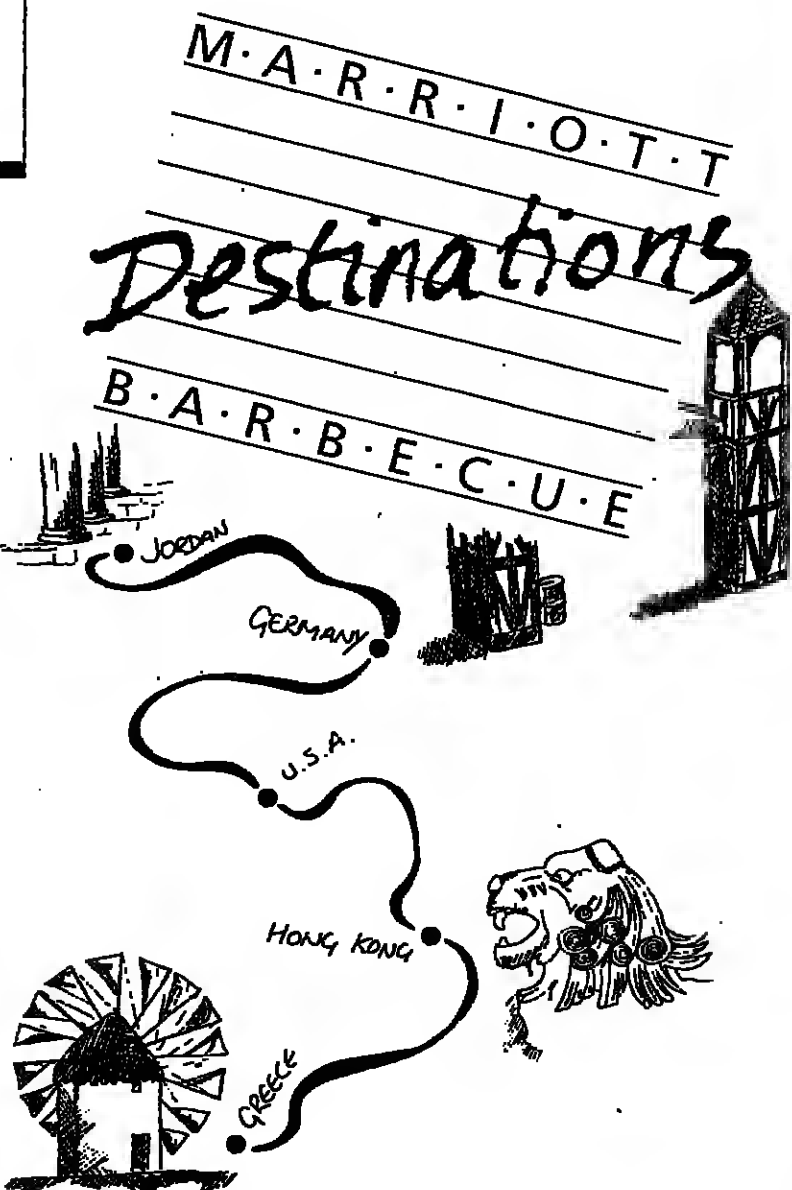
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Not only do we give you a wide variety of international cuisine, but you can also enjoy the evening in pleasurable surroundings from mythical Greece to enchanting Hong Kong.

Why not join us by the pool every Sunday evening from 8:00 p.m. - 11:00 p.m. and let your imagination take over.

Marriott people know how.



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Dear Chris  
Well, here I am at last in old Vienna - I should have done it years ago. Friendly people, cobbled streets, beautiful parks and delicious food. A great trip on Royal Jordanian! Vienna's International Airport was so efficient and the welcome was wonderful. A good start for the holiday "Auf Wiedersehen" as they say here.  
Love Bob

C. Smith  
P.O. Box 302  
AMMAN-JORDAN

ROYAL JORDANIAN الملكية الاردنية

Setting new standards.



## Jordan Times

An independent Arab political daily published in English by the Jordan Press Foundation. Established 1975.

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Jordan Times advertising department.

# Reflection on the intifada

The International Coordinating Committee for NGOs on the Question of Palestine (ICCP) undertook a fact-finding mission to the West Bank and Gaza to gather first-hand information on the status of the current uprising and to meet representatives of non-governmental groups there in order to ascertain their needs and perspectives on the crisis. The delegation of four included Dr. Don Betz, chairman of the ICCP, Palestine Human Rights Campaign (USA); Dr. Sonia Dayan-Herzbrun, French NGO committee; Dr. Jim Graff, NECEF (Canada) and Hans Christian Knaevelsrud, Palestine Groups of Norway. This is an abbreviated summary of their conclusions.

1. The uprising that commenced in the early days of December 1987 is more than a full scale rebellion. It is a social and political revolution.

2. The response is universal, spreading throughout the region into the smallest hamlets secluded from the publicity of the Western media. This call to action is embraced by almost everyone, with each resisting the occupation according to his/her ability and situation. They realise that there is no turning back, no return to the status quo ante. This solidarity cuts across regional, socio-economic, confessional, sexual and political barriers.

The intifada is coordinated, disciplined, and capable of generating widespread public resistance to the grip of occupation even after five months and more than 160 lives lost, thousands injured, over 4,000 in detention and many deported.

The role of the United National Command, and the institutional development connecting grassroots efforts, may be the most enduring aspect of the revolt, beyond the individual and collective courageous acts of resistance themselves. Organisation is pervasive, reaching into almost every home and, more importantly, into every heart. The discipline exhibited over the last five months must be attributed to this leadership, the subordination of prior factional interests to unified actions and a strong communications network.

The Palestinians are providing alternative services for themselves in banking, food supplies, education, mail and other communication. The ultimate goal is self-determination, to wean the

territories from dependence on Israel and, by completely decentralising them economically and politically, to make it increasingly more difficult for Israel to impose its authority there.

There has been a marked proliferation of local committees in the neighbourhoods and villages that are organising life there. In Hebron police are providing for their own police protection. In Ramallah there are village clinics less susceptible to Israeli pressure than the major hospitals. In East Jerusalem the appeal is to landlords to lower their rents on commercial properties to keep striking businesses afloat. The emergence of these local committees dealing with everything from gardens to education has helped diffuse leadership in the area—a tactic the Palestinians have judged vital to sustaining the uprising.

But the success of the uprising is not assured. Loss of income plus harsher measures used by the Israeli military are major obstacles. But the people appear willing to carry on a protracted conflict to achieve their ends.

3. The reality of daily life under occupation is impossible for most of us not living there to grasp. It is a world of unrelenting harassment: Physical, economic, psychological and spiritual. Palestinian lives are governed by an entangling web of 1,200 military regulations. Full town and camp curfews, and administrative detentions for up to six months are part of the suffocating fabric of their existence. Areas have had water lines cut, electricity turned off, and all communication with the outside world severed. Destruction of homes is an

instrument of public policy as a form of collective punishment without evidence ever being presented and contested in a court. So many persons are detained and jailed that they are being utilised as free labour to build their own jails.

All these measures are undertaken by a political system that Western conventional wisdom has crowned the "only democracy in the region."

4. The level of brutality employed by the occupying military forces and the Israeli settlers in the West Bank and Gaza exceeds the dramatic impressions recorded with numbing regularity by the media over the past four months. On 30 March 1988, the Israeli representative to the United Nations, Jobanin Bein, declared to Security Council members that Israeli soldiers were responding to serious dangers with prudence and "utmost restraint." The proclaimed "restraint" was not in evidence on the streets of Ramallah or elsewhere.

Al Makassad Hospital in East Jerusalem is the largest and most advanced on the West Bank. Our tour of the wards demonstrated that techniques of crowd control have been remoulded into acts of sheer depravity and sadism in many cases. There are too many startling cases to recall. Children and men with arms and legs broken in too many places to effectively heal. Wrists, elbows, ankles and knees repeatedly bludgeoned in order to render them useless for ever. Lost limbs, crushed limbs, pulverised muscles that will not work again. Many have suffered severe internal damage from beatings. Eyes have been lost to rubber bullets. Many of the injured fear entering hospitals lest they be arrested from their beds, as has been reported by hospital personnel.

But it is vital to realise that the deaths and injuries, the beatings and harassment have not cracked the popular resolve. On the contrary, each blow seems to be leading the people nearer to self-

determination by strengthening their common will. There appears to be no desire to retreat. Many see Palestine being reborn in the suffering all are bearing.

5. The uprising is contributing to the changing role of women in society. They assume important role in the neighbourhood and camp committees, the organisational infrastructure of the intifada. Three women in the old city of Nablus came to our rescue when we were confronted by an Israeli patrol led by a young man who said he was crazy and asked why he should not shoot us. The women interposed themselves between us and the soldiers and talking all the time, gradually eased us toward their house. There they chronicled a life of abuse, harassment and humiliation.

6. The situation in Gaza deserves special attention. From the moment we crossed the border into Gaza, the mood changed. Crowds of small "children of the stones" gathered on street corners and controlled the traffic with their implied threat of pelting the vehicles of the unfriendly and the unsympathetic. Our clandestine meetings with neighbourhood and camp committee representatives reinforced perceptions that Gaza was under siege. Testimonies of abuse and oppression abounded. Everyone we visited produced tear gas canisters made in the USA that had been fired into their homes. It was clear that the measures employed by the occupying authorities to subdue this uprising have been extreme.

7. The role of the PLO was confirmed in our interviews. Each individual declared that the PLO is the representative of the Palestinians, and only Palestinians can choose their leaders. There was criticism of the March raid on the bus at Dimona as ill-timed, ill-conceived and counterproductive. But there was no attempt to disassociate themselves from the PLO. Leaders make mistakes, we were told, just like any other people. They were not willing to withdraw their sup-

port from the leadership. 8. For those resisting the occupation in the West Bank and Gaza and for those Palestinians living in Israel proper, the United States and its policy of unequivocal support for Israel is a major impediment to realising their national aspirations. The "marriage" of the USA and Israel is known to all.

One investigator has stated that chemical war crimes against the Palestinian people cannot be ruled out. This matter was brought to the attention of the United Nations by the ICCP for immediate inquiry.

For the people of the West Bank and Gaza, the Shultz plan is dead. On their lips and on the walls, the message was unmistakable — boycott the plan. They have not missed the irony of a U.S. secretary of state in search of peace in the Middle East at a time when the U.S. government, shovelled by a Congress so hopelessly susceptible to pro-Israeli lobbying, moves to close the PLO Observer Mission to the United Nations.

9. The intifada is now five months old. It was clear to the ICCP mission that the Palestinian people have stood up and seized the initiative in order to shape their future. The indomitable spirit is evident in the children, in the merchants, the intellectual elite, the clergy from both faiths. It is alive in the field workers and the unskilled urban labourers. It lives amid the squalor of the camps and in the dreams and

actions of a phalanx of Palestinian grandparents. It is embodied in the students whose schools and universities have been closed by the occupying army with rocks and their red, green, black and white national banner. These people are creating alternatives, new ways of approaching old problems. They are in the tradition of their occupiers, "creating new facts."

The people of the West Bank and Gaza have severed the power relationship that has governed their existence since the spectacular Israeli military victory in June 1967. For 20 years they essentially have proceeded on the seemingly incontestable premise that the occupier was invincible. Now, they have, for the first time, seized the initiative. A new power relationship is developing. Though it is in its primary stage, nevertheless we are witnessing nothing less than the birth of a nation. Palestinians are creating Palestine.

The challenge to the international NGO community and to the ICCP is to match the "iron will" of the people confronting the "Iron Fist" of military occupation with equal determination and resolve. Such resolve includes assisting those in peril, relating their story and mobilising the concerned global public behind a programme that ends the occupation and supports a viable peace process based on the United Nations-sponsored international peace conference — Middle East International, London.

## OPEN FORUM

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We are leaving a part of us in every single corner of this huge building, corners that will still hold the echo of our laughter for so many years yet to come.

We turn our backs, go on with our lives reluctant to look back, because remembering special faces or shadows always tends to cause twinges of hurt, to ripple throughout our hearts. We owe it to every one, to every patient teacher, to every sweating worker, to every hand gleaming with the hardness of labour, to every gentle face we have grown fond of. We owe it to the memories we will be carrying with us, treasuring them for life. Memories with bright, happy colours, not a single one with a dark shade because they are too precious to be thrown aside. These memories could be a source of disappointment if they were tangled with blue stormy emotions. Let's always keep them locked in a cage of love and gratefulness.

Turning the pages of our lives, it's easy to admit that nobody influenced us more than the people of our second home. They helped us at the starting point when our knowledge didn't exceed the few elementary basis, and through critical stages they didn't cease to offer all the care our pleading selves needed. And at the final point they left planted in the soul of each one of us, the strong foundation of pure moral standards that oblige us to face facts and life without eluding serious situations, oblivious to cost or danger.

They were always there for us when we would tumble and fall; to take our hands and help us stand straight and strong again.

We took our traces, carry our dreams and look away the sadness. And into a long dark path we go, where nothing but the gift they offered to every one of us: The gift of bravery and complete understanding of life. Only that can light our way to a new tomorrow, where unforeseen future is hidden.

To the cheer and joy of tomorrow, to the love of yesterday, to the truth and warmth of now we are here today.

Papers and pencils are inadequate ways and places to inscribe our real feelings, so I reduce the tears, the words and the time to one single phrase "Thank you."

Salam Mahadin

The writer is a Tawjihi student at the Rosary College in Shmeisani. She delivered the above speech at her graduation ceremony on last Thursday.



Rabah-Al Ra'i

## ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Friday's

### Al Ra'i: Forum for dialogue

AL Ra'i Arabic daily Thursday celebrated its 18th anniversary, with its staff pledging to remain dedicated to the task of serving the readers and providing the best possible daily publication, acting as a forum for free thinking and free expression. On this anniversary, the paper highly values His Majesty King Hussein's support for the national press and appreciates the support it continues to draw from its Jordanian readers. The paper and its staff take pride in this support and pledge to maintain the utmost degree of diligence and hard work, benefiting national interests. This paper will remain faithful to the national unity, to the Arab Nation, adhering to human values and more committed to its belief in free expression and free journalism and the right of all people to know the various developments on the national, pan-Arab and world scenes. The Al Ra'i Arabic daily has always been a staunch supporter of the people struggling to regain their usurped lands in Palestine and it will maintain the momentum in this direction, advocating the Arab causes and reflecting the Arab Nation's aspirations in achieving liberation of usurped lands. This paper will remain, as it has always been, faithful and loyal to the King, and the Arab Nation.

### Al Dustour: Much of the same

U.S. Secretary of State George Shultz is scheduled to arrive in the Middle East Friday at the start of yet another tour of the region to advocate the new U.S. proposals for ending the Arab-Israeli conflict. In the light of previous tours and talks, it is hard for us to expect that the new tour will be different from the earlier ones, specially since the U.S. and Israel still adhere to their former stands and still showing intransigence to Arab demands for a just and durable settlement. It is useful, however, to remember the six-point document given to Shultz by King Hussein which outlined clearly the Arab Nation's point of view and the Arab just stand with regard to the issue. If the U.S. secretary of state has absorbed the full meaning of the document and is now about to look into means of implementing its provisions, then his initiative could achieve some degree of success. But if Shultz is coming back to the region under the same illusion of imposing Israel's blueprint solution on the Arabs, his tour will not meet a better fate than the earlier ones. It should be emphasised that the bases of a just and durable peace are quite clear to all and there should be no need for wasting more time and effort on pointless and fruitless attempts that lead nowhere. We do not want to see the U.S. showing off itself as a country that has exerted all possible efforts in this respect, while at the same time it is in fact acting to serve the interests of Israel alone.

### Sawt Al Shaab: Israel's irresponsibility

ISRAEL'S intransigent position with regard to a Middle East solution is responsible for the present paralysis in the American stand; and Israel's rejection of the idea of an international conference is bound to keep the problem as complicated as ever. Yitzhak Shamir's latest statements about the current situation and his rejection of peace through an international conference, as projected anew by the Soviet leader at the superpower summit in Moscow, show beyond doubt that Israel is determined to thwart any international effort towards real peace. Israel had wanted Reagan to discuss the question of Soviet Jews and their emigration to Israel, and it sought to prevent the U.S. from taking up the Arab-Israeli conflict in detail at the summit. The Israelis want the U.S. to defend the human rights of the Soviet Jews but to continue to ignore the human rights of the Palestinian people. Israel, above all, does not want Moscow to have any dealings with the Arab-Israeli conflict since this super power continues to advocate the idea of an international conference.

Thursday's

### Al Ra'i: Uprising endures

ISRAEL'S Defence Minister Yitzhak Rabin admitted before the Knesset that the Palestinian uprising is still alive and the fire cannot be far below the ashes. This admission means that the Israeli authorities realise too well the Palestinian people's potential, and that the uprising is only one manifestation of his potential. But instead of taking a positive stand that could end the violence, Rabin said that Israel would continue to ignore the Arab people's demand for freedom, and would continue to follow the same iron-fist policy in confronting further protests in the occupied Arab lands. Rabin said that he would try to find Palestinians who might be willing to negotiate with the Israeli government; but it is a known fact that the Palestinians would want to have talks through the PLO, their sole representative, and would like to see an international peace conference convened for the sake of achieving peace. The Palestinian and the Arab people and the world at large realise that it is Israel which continues to reject peace offers and the projected conference and continues to deny the Palestinian people their rights in their homeland. If Rabin thinks that he can quell anti-Israeli protests by finding an alternative to the PLO among the Palestinians, he is wrong and has most probably not learnt anything from past lessons.

### Al Dustour: Superpower agreement?

SOVIET leader Mikhail Gorbachev's statements about the Middle East following the Moscow superpower summit call for optimism, because they demonstrate some degree of agreement between Washington and Moscow about resolving the Middle East issue. Both sides have officially agreed on the need for holding an international peace conference although they still differ about the terms of reference of such a conference and the character of the participating delegations. This situation is bound to place Israel in an embarrassing situation, making it more isolated than ever before. This near-consensus about the Middle East question is bound to open the way, to some extent, for real progress towards ending Israel's intransigent position and its rejection of the idea of peace based on justice. In addition, Gorbachev's optimistic statement about the whole issue indicates that neither side of the superpowers plans to polarise the situation in the troubled region. This in turn would no doubt open the way for a suitable atmosphere, enabling Moscow to embark on its own initiative to resolve the problem. Any future Soviet moves in this direction are welcome by the Arabs because they would lead to a successful result.

## Arab summit to reflect growing disillusion with Washington

By John Fullerton  
Reuter

NICOSIA — Most Arab leaders due to meet for their second summit in seven months feel betrayed by Washington's Middle East policy, diplomats say.

They said leaders at the Algiers meeting beginning June 7 would express their growing disillusion with U.S. policy by orchestrating increased support for the Palestinian uprising in the Israeli-occupied territories.

"I think we will see concerted action to back up the PLO and its attempts to keep the uprising going," said a diplomat.

"There's a strong sense among conservative Arab states of being let down, betrayed," said a European specialist in regional affairs.

"And the radical trend is stronger now," he said. When heads of state from the 21-member Arab League met in Amman seven months ago, there were still hopes that Washington could be persuaded to accept a fully-fledged conference under United Nations auspices and in turn press Israel to do so.

Now, despite a revival of U.S. Secretary of State George Shultz's peace mission and discussions on the Middle East during the U.S.-Soviet summit, diplomats say those Arab hopes have evaporated.

"We always felt you could get nowhere without the United States," said a Palestinian journalist. "Now we realise you cannot get anywhere without them." The independent Jordanian newspaper Al-Ra'i said on Sunday that U.S. policy made it unlikely the Reagan-Gorbachev summit would advance Middle East peace prospects.

"So far there is nothing to suggest the (Arab-Israeli) conflict will have a prominent place for reasons that include Washington's refusal to shift from its position of strict hostility to Palestinian rights," the daily said.

Shultz, apparently unaffected by Israeli and Arab opposition to his ideas, will visit Israel, Jordan, Syria and Egypt again from June 3.

His plan calls for an international meeting to set up direct Arab-Israeli talks on limited Palestinian self-rule.

Only Egypt, the sole Arab state to have signed a peace treaty with Israel, has endorsed this approach.

Israel's hardline Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir opposes any land-for-peace formula, while most Arabs insist on a peace conference attended by all parties under U.N. Security Council supervision as the primary peace-making instrument.

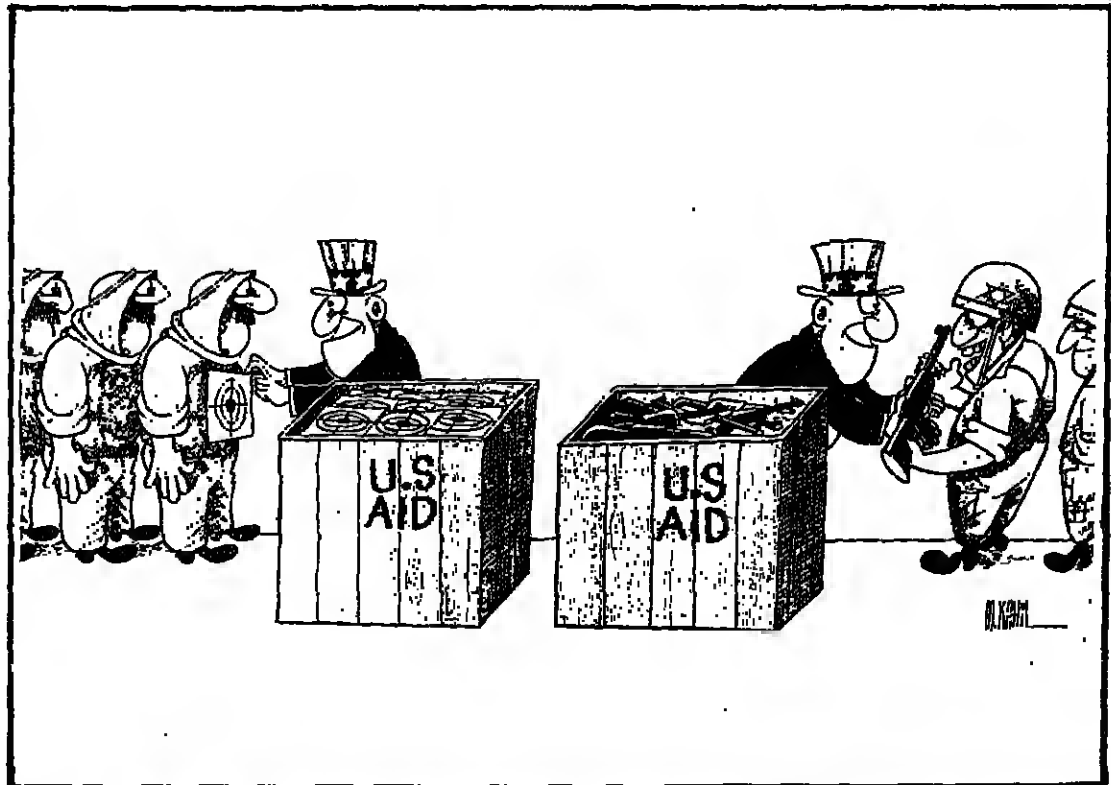
Diplomats say Arab states have drawn together in recent months on the Arab-Israeli issue, and that Yasser Arafat's leadership of

the Palestine Liberation Organisation has been boosted by the uprising.

"Initially it was the hardline

Arabs denouncing the Shultz initiative as simply a way of trying to buy Israel time to suppress the protests," they said.

"Now there's a general feeling that Washington lacks sincerity and is only interested in its own and Israel's domestic elections."



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## 4 Israelis convicted of PLO meeting

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — Four peace activists who met Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) members in Romania two years ago, became the first Israelis Thursday convicted under a new law against contacts with "terrorist groups".

A magistrate's court in Ramle rejected defence arguments that the meeting was legal since the two groups met to discuss Middle East peace and none of the PLO members was involved in "terrorist" activity.

The defendants could face up to three years in prison for holding the two-hour meeting with 15 Palestinians in the Romanian resort of Cotesti.

Israel passed a law in August 1986 barring contacts with the PLO.

The four were among 29 peace activists who defied government warnings and flew to Romania in November 1986 after a violent

confrontation at Tel Aviv airport with extremists.

The four Israelis — journalists Latif Dori and Yael Lotan, kibbutz collective settlement member Eliezer Feiler and peace activist Reuven Kaminer — said they would appeal.

A pre-sentence hearing was scheduled for June 19.

Dori, the group's leader, told reporters: "Another 98 Israelis have since met with the PLO in Geneva, Athens, Cyprus and Budapest."

"As far as we are concerned this is not an anti-terrorist law but a terrorist law aimed at denying dialogue for peace. We will continue to fight this law until it is abolished," Dori said.

Kaminer told Reuters: "It is a clear-cut conviction that there are enough nuances even in this decision that give us some hope for the appeal."

## Dozens arrested in Iran for opposing war

LONDON (Agencies) — Iran has arrested leading moderate opponents of the government, including former ministers, for inviting people to oppose the war with Iraq, a former Iranian official said in London Thursday.

The source, a member of the government of ex-president Abol Hassan Bani Sadr, told Reuters security forces had detained leaders of the Freedom Movement and the National Front.

The two groups have campaigned against the excesses of the 1979 Islamic revolution and heavy-handed treatment of the opposition.

"I feel they could be in real danger," the source, an exile who asked not to be named, told Reuters.

He said Revolutionary Guards Tuesday arrested Ali Ardalan, finance minister in the government of Mehdi Bazargan in 1979, ex-deputy Prime Minister Hossein Shah-Hosseini and Mohammad Tavassoli, a former mayor of Tehran.

Bazargan, the most prominent liberal opponent of Iran's clerical leadership, heads the Freedom Movement which has been allowed to function despite the crushing of all radical groups opposing the Iran government.

The guards broke up a Freedom Movement meeting Wednesday and arrested Hashem Sabaghian, Bazargan's interior minister and Khosrow Mansurian, a former deputy mayor of Tehran, the source said.

The guards had questioned about 200 people attending the meeting, and some had been beaten, the source added. They also took over the headquarters of the Freedom Movement.

An Iranian exile source in Paris, who obtained a copy of a letter sent by Bazargan to Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini, said it was 33 pages long and was distributed in numerous cities around the country, likely about 10 days

ago. Another shorter letter by a group sympathising with Bazargan also was distributed, the source said, speaking to the AP on condition of anonymity.

In the letter, Bazargan accused Khomeini of following an "erroneous policy" in the war with Iraq, isolating the Islamic republic and making it a symbol of hate around the world.

Bazargan also denounced aid allegedly furnished by the Islamic republic to groups such as the Islamic Jihad, which claims to be holding Western hostages in Lebanon.

"In truth, for seven years Iran and Islam have become synonymous in the world with hate and malice," Le Monde quoted the letter as saying. "It is a shame and not an honour...."

"When are you going to stop making commerce with the blood of our martyrs?"

Le Monde said it was thought that several dozen people were arrested in Tehran, and provincial cities like Tabriz, in Azerbaijan, and Isfahan, south of the capital.

Bazargan was among a group of liberals who boycotted Iranian parliamentary elections in April, which they said were not free.

The source said those arrested had in the last two weeks mounted a pamphlet campaign advocating a peaceful negotiated solution to Iran's war with Iraq, calling for an end to repression in Iran and criticising the legitimacy and economic policies of the government.

The banned National Front, founded by former Prime Minister Mohammad Mossadegh and the Freedom Movement formed a moderate group two years ago to oppose the government's policies.

One of the pamphlets distributed throughout Iran called for people to "raise their voice" against the government.

## Maghreb states look to Algiers Arab summit for greater unity

RABAT (R) — North African states hope next week's Arab summit in Algiers will bring closer to reality an age-old dream of a powerful regional grouping and hasten the end of a long-running war in the Western Sahara.

After the sudden resumption May 16 of diplomatic relations between the region's two power brokers, Morocco and Algeria, the portents for some form of pan-Maghreb economic link-up have never looked so good, according to diplomats.

The two neighbours took a further step towards that goal Tuesday by announcing the reopening of their borders, the restoration of sea, rail and air links and that visas would no longer be needed for cross-border travel.

Diplomats said the speed of the move highlighted the importance both countries now attached to bilateral relations.

It also ended speculation that the revival of diplomatic ties was merely a ploy to persuade Morocco's King Hassan to attend the summit, which opens June 7 and has been called to rally support for the Palestinian uprising in the Israeli-occupied territories.

King Hassan cut relations 12 years ago over Algeria's military and diplomatic support for Polisario guerrillas fighting Morocco for independence in the former Spanish colony, Western Sahara.

The diplomatic dispute is unresolved but there has been a new warmth in exchanges.

"The success of a summit in the capital of any North African country is a success for all countries in the region," King Hassan said in a broadcast on state television Monday.

Morocco wanted to forget the

past and "to build the future on positive grounds, because hatred and grudge cannot ever be the sound basis on which to build the future," he added.

The King will personally seal the reconciliation when he arrives in Algiers for talks with President Chadli Benjedid Sunday.

Diplomats said Algiers would now see a regional settlement of the Western Sahara conflict.

"If they could save face and at the same time get off the Polisario hook, they would do so whether or not the Polisario accepted the deal," one Western diplomat told Reuters.

"The president believes sincerely in greater Maghreb unity and wants to make real progress towards achieving it. It makes sense, we live in a world of growing economic blocs," one Algerian diplomatic source recently told Reuters.

Western diplomats say this view fits uneasily with the Polisario's demand for a sixth independent state in the region but Algiers now accepts that its support should take second place to economic needs.

"The bottom line is that its relations with Morocco are more important. A gas pipeline across North Africa, cheap imports of fruit and vegetables, carry more weight than ideological support for a group of nomads," one diplomat said.

All the countries in the region are acutely aware of how they will be affected by European Economic Community plans to create a unified barrier-free internal market by 1992 which will make it more difficult for them to sell in Europe.

But with a total population of some 56 million, the five North African countries can offer each other markets they badly need, and the King and Benjedid, may be joined by the leaders of Tunisia, Mauritania and Libya in a Maghreb summit in Algiers.

## Sabbah: Palestinians entitled to a state

OCCUPIED Jerusalem (AP) — Archbishop Michel Sabbah, the first Palestinian to be Roman Catholic patriarch of Jerusalem, told an Israeli army magazine Palestinians are entitled to have their own state.

The Israeli army weekly Bamahane, which carried the statements in its this week's issue, said it was Sabbah's first interview with an Israeli publication.

The Nazareth-born archbishop said the Vatican's refusal to establish diplomatic relations with Israel was caused by the Palestinian problem.

"The Vatican's position regarding Israel has always been that first of all the problem unresolved for 40 years must be solved," Sabbah said. "There is nothing theological in it."

"Everyone, as a human being,

is entitled to all the rights, including the right for a state. When this problem shall be solved, we would consider" establishing relations with Israel, he said.

"I think the stumbling block is that people don't want to solve the problem. If you have agreed that anyone has equal rights, the Palestinians as the Israelis, the problems would have been resolved. You need courage to recognise equal rights of all."

But Sabbah also indirectly criticised the often violent uprising in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip, saying that "from the church's point of view, every type of violence is bad, and people should avoid violence."

The archbishop expressed his belief that "if Israel talks to the Palestinians, everything will be all right."

Bazargan, the most prominent liberal opponent of Iran's clerical leadership, heads the Freedom Movement which has been allowed to function despite the crushing of all radical groups opposing the Iran government.

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## Huge relief airlift to south Sudan to go ahead

KHARTOUM (R) — Plans for a huge relief operation in famine-stricken south Sudan have been approved and the airlift will start in about three weeks, according to a senior aid worker.

A provincial official told Reuters between 20 and 30 people were dying daily in one region alone and many more would perish unless food arrived soon.

Chief Pto Tem, a commissioner in Bahr Al Ghazal province, said Thursday 210 people in Awel, mainly women and children, starved to death in eight days last month.

Unless food was rushed to the region before seasonal rains cut it off, there would be little hope for those still clinging to life, he said.

Pto did not say how many were at risk of starvation in the Awel region, which has an estimated total population of 1.5 million.

About half a million have fled the district for the north since war broke out in the south in 1983 between the government and the Sudan People's Liberation Army (SPLA).

Pierre Pont, chief delegate of the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC), said Prime Minister Sadeq Al Mahdi and SPLA leader John Garang had approved a relief operation

in both government and rebel-held areas of south Sudan.

Mahdi said a quarter of a million southerners will be helped. A severe drought and the effect of the civil war on farming have worsened the famine.

Pont told Reuters a survey team — a doctor, some nurses, an agriculturalist, a nutritionist and an engineer — would arrive in Khartoum soon.

He said the plane bringing them from Geneva had been delayed for two days because the authorities did not grant a landing permit until Thursday.

Pont said the team would leave for Wau Saturday and go on to Juba and Malakal, all in government-held areas. It would report on existing food stocks, the health of the people, hygiene, water supplies and the condition of airports.

Simultaneously another team would leave Kenya for the rebel-held areas of Pashala and Kongor in the Upper Nile region and Yirol in Bahr Al Ghazal.

"When the team has finished its work, we will then appeal to the international community for assistance and donations," he said. The airlift of food would start in about three weeks.

Pont said food would be distributed exclusively by the ICRC. All vehicles, bearing the Red Cross emblem, would move unescorted and carry only ICRC personnel.

The SPLA has reportedly ambushed previous road and river aid shipments because it said they were also carrying supplies to government troops.

Pio said the last supply train to get through to Awel was several months ago and that had been attacked by the SPLA.

He said it had brought 160 tonnes of rice and edible oil, but since then people had been robbed of almost all their belongings and food — either by government-supported militiamen or the SPLA.

Imam told reporters last week he was staging the play "to show them (the fundamentalists) I do not fear their threats."

Egyptian actors, actresses and singers have been flooded with anonymous letters and telephone threats on their lives.

Cairo and Alexandria have many theatres and cinemas, but live shows are few in remote towns like Assiut, where fundamentalism is strong.

Assiut officials said there had been no concerts or plays in the town for the last five years to avoid clashes with Muslim hardliners.

They said tickets for Wednesday night's show were sold on the black market.

## Somali rebels say foreigners safe

ADDIS ABABA (Agencies) — The rebel Somali National Movement (SNM) said Thursday that expatriates stranded in areas of northern Somalia under rebel control were safe and it warned against any efforts by foreign troops to evacuate the expatriates.

Saeed Yusuf, SNM spokesman in Addis Ababa, said his guerrilla movement would cooperate only with an evacuation organised by the United Nations.

There are believed to be about 160 expatriates — including unspecified numbers of Americans, Britons and Frenchmen — in parts of northern Somalia that fell into rebel hands earlier this week.

There were reports Thursday that the United States and Britain intended to remove their nationals from Somalia. But none of the Africa-based diplomats for both countries contacted by the AP would verify those reports.

"We reject and warn against any form of intervention against this just war of liberation," Yusuf told the AP in an interview. "We are worried that this might be an

excuse to turn the evacuation into a 'kind of intervention'. Our troops would have no choice but to stand against them."

The United States is Somalia's biggest ally and Britain was the former colonial ruler in northern Somalia.

The SNM claimed that it captured the main northern town of Hargeisa at noon Tuesday after a nine-hour battle. The following day, the rebels said they took Berbera, Somalia's main seaport and the site of a U.S. navy construction unit.

The Somali government has denied the claims.

The government issued a statement Wednesday night specifically denying a report by the British Broadcasting Corporation (BBC) that the two towns had fallen to the rebels.

The government statement described the BBC report as "cheap and baseless propaganda aimed at confusing the public" and invited it to send an "impartial and truth-seeking reporter" to northern Somalia to observe the real situation there.

## Habre agrees to meet Qadhafi

N'DJAMENA (R) — Chad's President Hissene Habre has agreed to hold talks with Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi to patch up relations strained by a 15-year border conflict, a Chad government statement said Thursday.

The decision was taken Wednesday at a special joint meeting of cabinet ministers and party officials under the chairmanship of Habre to review last week's Organisation of African Unity (OAU) summit in Ethiopia.

At the time of the OAU meeting, Qadhafi announced recognition of Habre's government and invited him to the Libyan capital Tripoli for a national reconciliation meeting with Goukouni Oueddei, Habre's long-standing political foe now living in exile.

The N'djamena statement, read over the state radio by Information Minister Moussa Adoum Seif, said Chad favoured a normalisation of ties with Libya and a meeting between Habre and Qadhafi.

It did not say where and when the meeting would take place and did not mention Goukouni.

But Habre has already ruled out meeting Chad's opponents outside Chad, accusing Qadhafi of meddling in his country's politics.

While in Addis Ababa, Habre said he would be willing to meet Qadhafi only in the context of the OAU's attempt to mediate in the border dispute between the two countries.

Thursday's statement did not specifically refer to the dispute over Aouzou, a 110,000 square-kilometre stretch of border territory claimed by both countries.

An OAU-brokered truce halted fighting between Chad and Libya last year in the desert strip occupied by Libya since 1973.

The Chad statement said the OAU summit represented "an important step in the search for a peaceful settlement to the Chad-Libya dispute."

The Addis Ababa meeting extended the mandate of a special OAU committee on the dispute, which is chaired by Gabon.

## Palestinians begin 3-day strike

(Continued from page 1)

shop for three years an ironworks shop where Palestinians allegedly made sharp objects to damage tyres of Israeli vehicles.

Troops destroyed the room of a man they said confessed to throwing a firebomb at a patrol vehicle.

A firebomb was buried at the Al Bireb municipal building Thursday night but caused no damage. In Hebron, unknown persons tried to set fire to an Israeli government employment office.

In the Gaza Strip, virtually all shops were closed, public transit was shut down and streets were still. Similar reports came from cities and towns in the West Bank.

In Bethlehem on the West Bank, Palestinian flags flew from electricity poles and normally

crowded Manger Square was deserted. "Observe the strike or we are going to burn," said a slogan painted on one wall.

Few of the 110,000 Palestinian workers who work in Israel reported to their jobs, according to Arab and Israeli media reports.

On Friday, curfews were also clamped on the towns of Shuweika, Jamin and Qalqilya in the West Bank, an army spokesman said. Eight other areas were declared closed military zones, meaning no one can go in or out.

An army spokesman said there were no troops in the area at the time of the shooting. He said police were investigating the incident.

Two Palestinians were wounded when soldiers opened fire on Palestinians demonstrating after prayers in the Hebron Casbah.

## Reagan sees 'new era

(Continued from page 1)

January after serving the constitutional limit of two four-year terms, wound up his overnight stop in London by meeting U.S. diplomats stationed here.

Before his speech, he briefly met Japan's Prime Minister Noboru Takeshita to report on his talks in Moscow.

Reagan planned more public remarks on the summit later on Friday on his arrival in Washington from his 17,600-kilometre 10-day trip.

The Soviet Communist Party daily Pravda lauded the superpower summit as a milestone launching the era of nuclear disarmament and said Reagan's harping on human rights was an ineffective but understandable mistake.

"Apparently politics cannot proceed without missteps and mistakes," the newspaper said in a generally favourable review of the meeting.

Pravda said the U.S. approach, which it called a "policy of strength," blocked progress on some issues, including extending the 1972 anti-ballistic missile treaty and limiting sea-launched cruise missiles in a nuclear weapons accord.

"But politics is the art of the possible, and if agreement has not been achieved on some points, this does not diminish the significance and importance of the work done and the results achieved," it said.

"The Soviet-American summit meeting which has just closed in Moscow has truly become a milestone from which the count of the era of real nuclear disarmament will be started," said the article by Arkady Maslennikov, a well-known political commentator.

World leaders generally hailed the Moscow summit as a success, praising Reagan and Gorbachev for achieving what could realistically have been expected of them.

Commentators said a new era had opened in East-West relations but some pointed out that although solid progress was made, major tasks still lay ahead on arms control and other issues.

The results of the unprecedented fourth superpower summit were warmly received both in East and West and by the heads of international organisations.

Chinese Foreign Minister Qian Qichen said a Soviet-American balance of power could not guarantee security for all.

## Shultz begins new Middle East peace shuttle

(Continued from page 1)

to reach a breakthrough because the plan he was promoting "excludes the Palestinian nation and its legitimate representative, the PLO."

"We will not succeed with this plan because it runs counter to the U.N. resolutions that recognise the Palestinian nation's right to an independent state on its national soil," Arafat said.

The PLO leader said that the "plan" of the Shultz mission was "to protect Israel from the earthquake caused by the uprising and the steadfastness in South Lebanon."

During Gorbachev's state-

ments on the Palestinian problem at the summit, Arafat said Gorbachev "defended the Palestinian case in front of President Reagan and stressed the necessity of recognising the security of all parties in the Middle East including the Palestinian nation, and not the security of one party (Israel) at the expense of another."

A senior PLO official said in Kuwait Thursday that Palestinians in the occupied territories would refuse to meet Shultz during his current tour.

"We say to Shultz on his coming trip, 'look in the occupied territories, you will not find anyone to meet you as a mediator,'" Arafat said.


said Salab Khalaf, deputy to Arafat.

Arafat said Wednesday the uprising in the occupied lands has laid the foundation of a Palestinian state and will end only when Israel quits the territories.

Addressing a meeting with the Palestinian community in the United Arab Emirates (UAE), Arafat dismissed reports that the uprising was waning.

The next few days, he said, would show the uprising was far from over.

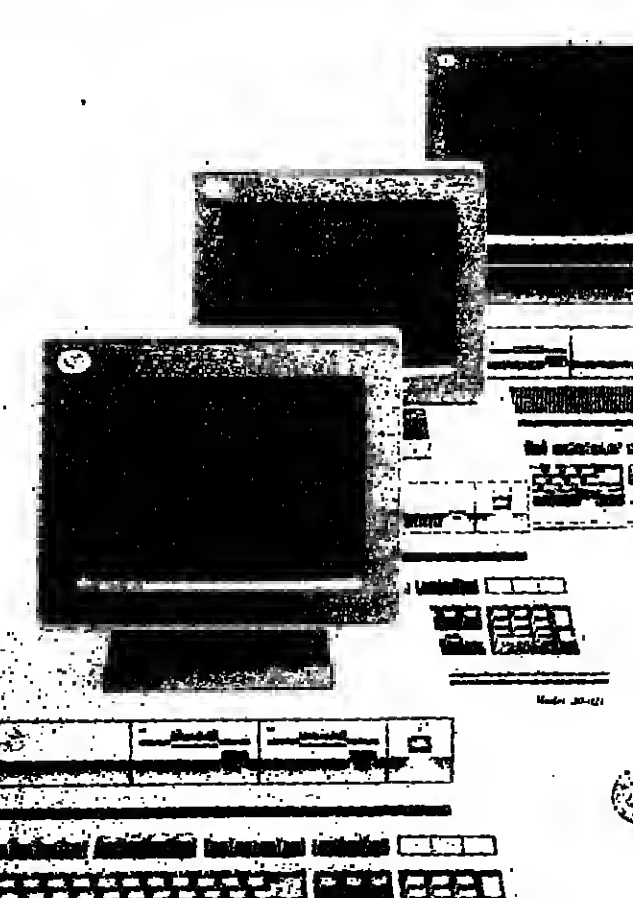
"The pillars of an independent Palestinian homeland have been laid down by the uprising and it only needs time to be declared," Arafat said.



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## Demand for dollar mounts

# Foreign exchange ambiguity grips Jordanian market

By Salameh Ne'matt  
Jordan Times Economics Correspondent

**AMMAN** — After exactly one month, the domestic exchange market witnessed a replay of the May 2 sudden upsurge in the value of the dollar Thursday, as heavy demand pushed the American currency unit from the 365 fils mark the day before to 390 fils, bankers and market sources told the Jordan Times Friday.

They blamed the dollar's hike on ambiguous government monetary policies, pending new foreign exchange measures, rumours of devaluation, and reports of shortages in foreign currencies.

Bankers and financiers urged the government and the central bank to act promptly to restore confidence in the Jordan dinar.

Michel Marto

The dollar hovered around 382.5 fils Friday.

"People are very very panicky," said Bank of Jordan General Manager Michel Marto, "They think there will be a devaluation (of the dinar) and that there is a shortage of foreign currencies."

He said that over the last week, some of his clients were "withdrawing their deposits to buy foreign currencies. They want to buy dollars. All of a sudden, everybody wants to buy foreign currency."

"None of this is called for," he explained. "The government and the central bank have made it clear they are against devaluation. As for foreign currencies, they are very much available."

He said that Thursday morning, the market was calm. At the time, the dollar reached 370 fils.

"When the rumours spread later in the day, people panicked," he said. "Moneychangers, who wanted to maximise their profits, precipitated the problem and largely contributed to the panic."

An authoritative source close to the central bank told the Jordan Times the price jump was caused by illegal transfers of money outside the country. The

source said the central bank was providing commercial banks with an adequate supply of foreign currencies.

The well-placed source said that a new set of foreign exchange procedures were "almost ready" to be announced by the central bank.

Marto, referring to the need for government assurances, said "people should not be left victims of rumours."

"They should not be left alone to magnify the problem. It is the mob psychology which you cannot control," he said.

"When moneychangers raise their dollar prices, people will keep on buying because they think it will continue to go higher. If the central bank has any set of measures, let it come out with them. They must not be delayed. It is a matter of assuring the people," he noted.

The over 6.5 per cent dollar price jump, if sustained, may prompt an intervention by the central bank of Jordan (CBJ) Saturday, unless commercial banks disposed themselves to cover the demand for foreign currencies, market observers said.

Marto said there will be no need for a CBJ intervention.

Fahed Faneek

Economics analyst and columnist Fahed Faneek told the Jordan Times the central bank and the government appear to be ignoring the problem, leaving the situation to further deteriorate.

"The problem itself is not big," Faneek said. "But its repetition and implications are dangerous in terms of confidence in the Jordan dinar and its convertibility."

He said that reports of pending central bank foreign exchange regulations, or the reinforcement of existing but loose regulations would not be effective at this point.

"Such regulations would not be effective because it is the government's borrowing and spending and not the private sector's which is depleting most of our foreign reserves," Faneek contended.

Maher Shukri

CBJ Deputy Governor Maher Shukri told the Jordan Times last month that the central bank was working on "simplifying foreign exchange procedures" and on introducing a new version of foreign exchange regulations. He did not elaborate.

Banking sources said that one of the new regulations may involve commercial banks depositing a percentage of their foreign exchange deposits with the central bank.

Bankers interviewed by the Jordan Times said they welcomed such a move by the central bank and that they were willing to oblige.

A Jordanian market observer, summarising his views on government monetary policies, cited a quote by John Williamson, published recently by Time magazine.

Williamson, a senior fellow at the U.S. Institute for International Economics said: "The lesson all central bankers have learned is that if you don't do what is necessary in the short run, you lose financial confidence, which is very difficult to restore."

The observer said it was "up to the central bank to realise the same."

In addition to present uncertainties in the domestic exchange market, the U.S. dollar value on world markets was boosted by last week's announcement of a reduction in the U.S. trade deficit. Unemployment figures released Friday in the U.S. added another boost for the dollar against other currencies, mainly the Japanese yen and the Deutschmark. The dollar reached DM 1.75 Friday in international markets.

## Industrial shares dominate trading

**AMMAN (Petra)** — Last week's average daily trading at the Amman Financial Market (AFM) amounted to JD 283,225. The overall trading volume stood at JD 1,416,128 and the total number of shares traded was 1,398,529 concluded through 1,825 transactions according to the AFM's weekly bulletin.

The bulletin said that the industrial sector acquired the lion's share of the volume, accounting for JD 838,925 or 59.3 per cent of the total.

The banks and financial institutions came second with traded shares worth JD 464,865 or nearly 32.9 per cent of the total volume.

The services sector followed at some 6.7 per cent of the volume of trading, and the insurance sector acquired only 1.3 per cent.

The bulletin said that banks and services shares showed a decline in value; but those of the

industrial sector, maintained their stability.

The closing price index stood at 115.5 points, down from 114.1 points at the opening of the start of the business week, thus registering a decline of 0.6 points.

Shares of 63 companies exchanged hands in the past week of which 15 showed an improvement in prices while shares of 33 others showed a drop in value, according to the bulletin.



Transport and Telecommunications Minister Khaled Al Haj Hassan (centre) exchanges documents with the general manager of the American company (Petra photo)

## U.S. firm wins big Aqaba job

**AMMAN (Petra, J.T.)** — An American firm has won a \$4 million contract to build a maritime communications station at the port of Aqaba within 12 months from now. The contract, signed in Amman Thursday, also stipulates training Jordanian personnel and technicians and provide necessary equipment for operations.

Transport and Telecommunications Minister Khaled Al

Haj Hassan signed the agreement with the firm's general manager and said that the station is expected to be one of the most modern in the Middle East area.

The minister added that the station will offer services to oil tankers, passenger ships and cargo vessels that might be docking at the harbour or in the vicinity of the Red Sea or the Indian Ocean and the eastern coasts of Africa. The new station will benefit the

national economy and serve as an incentive for world maritime companies to increase their operations through Aqaba port, the minister said.

In September 1987, the Jordanian Ports Corporation (JPC), which is to supervise the operation, signed a contract with a local company to pave the ground for the communications station project.

## Islamic investment companies in Egypt face new controls

**CAIRO (RI)** — Government moves to control Egypt's Islamic investment firms could threaten the savings of millions of small investors, Cairo bankers said Thursday.

The bankers fear that draft legislation, which will give companies a year to issue investment deeds to depositors, may lead to a run that could bring the system tumbling down.

Controversy over the Islamic investment companies, which together control billions of dollars of savings, has already sent tremors through Egypt's financial markets.

President Hosni Mubarak discussed the new laws with top advisers Wednesday. The draft law pledges that the state will not interfere with the daily running of the companies, Cairo newspapers

said Thursday.

Owners of the companies believe fixed interest is forbidden according to Islam. They offer a risk-sharing scheme instead, with depositors facing losses as well as profits.

The firms have paid over 20 per cent returns, compared to a maximum of 13 per cent offered by the banks, but bankers say the companies use new deposits to pay past depositors.

The new bill stipulates that monthly payments must accrue from genuine profits and not retracted capital, the newspapers said. The bill would give Islamic investment companies three months to notify the government whether they will continue business under the new system, the papers reported.

Some of the larger firms have temporarily stopped transactions.

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## WORLD STOCK MARKETS

**SYDNEY** — The national share market shrugged off a sluggish early tone to close sharply higher following a jump in overnight gold prices. The All Ordinaries index rose 15.7 to 1579.1.

**TOKYO** — Share prices closed lower in active trade as most institutions, concerned over Wall Street's direction, stuck to the sidelines. The Nikkei index dropped 47.82 to 27,821.54.

**HONG KONG** — Prices closed higher, supported by active buying mainly by local syndicates. The Hang Seng index rose 21.68 to 2,568.35.

**SINGAPORE** — Bullish sentiment continued to prevail, pushing prices higher over a broad front for the eighth straight day in active trading. The Straits Times industrial index rose 2.98 to 1,023.90.

**BOMBAY** — Share prices rose for the second successive day in heavy speculative buying on expectations of fresh government industrial incentives. Tata Steel shot up 57.5 rupees to 875.

**FRANKFURT** — Prices ended a moderate bourse mostly firmer, boosted by large buy orders for Siemens, favourable technical conditions and a steady dollar. The Commerzbank index, set at mid-session, rose 6.8 to 1,407.8.

**ZURICH** — Prices closed firmer across the board in quiet pre-weekend trading. The All Share Swiss index rose 5.8 to 837.8.

**PARIS** — Prices opened the main floor session quietly easier but off their opening lows as investors took some profits before the first round of the legislative elections Sunday.

**LONDON** — Shares were steady in afternoon business, shadowing the early trend on Wall Street, after early gains on new bid developments were eroded. At 1431 GMT the FTSE 100 share index was up 8.7 to 1,819.

**NEW YORK** — Blue chips surrendered earlier gains, as the market turned lower later in the morning after an uncertain opening. The Dow was down four at 2,048.

## U.S. unemployment rises

**WASHINGTON (AP)** — The U.S. civilian unemployment rate rose to 5.6 per cent in May — only its second increase in 20 months — as 518,000 fewer Americans were at work than in the previous month, the government said Friday.

The 0.2 percentage point increase from a 14-year-low jobless rate of 5.4 per cent was accompanied by an increase of 173,000 in the number of people listed by the U.S. Labour Department as officially unemployed.

The department said the labour force, those either holding jobs or actively looking for them, shrunk by 363,000 to 122.7 million.

The figures are based on a monthly survey of America's households. The rate is seasonally adjusted to discount for periodic, predictable influences on the calculations.

A separate survey of employer payrolls showed the economy creating 210,000 jobs in May, but that was down from an average job growth over the last year of 250,000 a month.

"Almost all of the payroll job increase took place in the service-producing sector," said Janet L. Norwood, the commissioner of labour statistics.

Norwood told the Congressional Joint Economic Committee that job growth in business services, which has accounted for one in eight new jobs over the six-year economic expansion, has slowed to an average of 15,000 in each of the last three months, compared with an average monthly gain of 35,000-40,000 in 1987.

Manufacturing employment grew by only 16,000 in May after

a 45,000-job gain in April. Construction employment, fell by 16,000 following a rise of 157,000 from January through April.

The 0.2 percentage point drop in April's jobless rate — the first since October's small 0.1 percentage point rise and a match to the 0.2 per cent gain recorded in September 1986 — had been propelled largely by assembly line hiring as manufacturers tried to keep pace with the surging foreign demand for American products.

Norwood called May's 16,000 new factory jobs "no real change." But she said that both the machinery and metal products industries had registered job growth over the month.

The rebound in manufacturing has been accompanied by strong growth in wholesale trade, which added 25,000 jobs last month. Over the last year, the Labour Department said, such employment has climbed by 275,000, three-fourths of it in durable goods distribution.

Meanwhile, employment in finance, insurance and real estate fell by 10,000 after a 2,000-job drop in April.

The financial industry, which includes banks and brokerages, had been one of the strongest areas of job growth through much of the recovery, but has lost a total of 10,000 jobs since January.

The biggest area of job growth last month was health services with 35,000 new jobs, a reflection of the fact that the American population is gradually aging.

"More jobs have been created" in this area "over the last year than in any previous year," Norwood said. In that time, 380,000 health-care jobs have been created.

The export boom, unbridled consumer demand domestically and an upward pressure on wages from the tightening job market have triggered widespread fears of inflation.

So far, however, there is little evidence that the declining unemployment rate has triggered any significant wage-push inflation.

"We're lucky in that the latest shift in demand is stimulating the rust belt, where there was a tremendous labour force that has been underemployed," said William Dunkelberg, dean of the business school at Temple University in Philadelphia. "We can tap that for a while before we start running into inflation problems."

Two years ago, the consensus among private economists was that any jobless rate below six per cent would trigger an inflationary spiral. When that figure was reached with only a two-per-cent increase in consumer prices, economists lowered their so-called "non-inflationary full employment rate" to 5.5 per cent.

Those numbers are again being revised downward, with Federal Reserve Chairman Alan Greenspan recently telling Congress that he foresees no inflationary problem from wages until the jobless rate approaches five per cent.

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## Mavericks beat Lakers to tie NBA playoffs

DALLAS (R) — Mark Aguirre had 23 points and 13 rebounds to lead the Dallas Mavericks to a 105-103 victory over the Los Angeles Lakers Thursday to tie the National Basketball Association's (NBA) best-of seven Western Conference final at three games each.

Game seven will be played at the Los Angeles forum on either Saturday or Sunday, depending on the result of the Eastern Conference finals.

Rolando Blackman had 22 points for the Mavericks, who have won all three of their home games. The Lakers won three times in Los Angeles.

For the Lakers, James Worthy and Byron Scott each had 27 points, with Worthy missing a desperation layup five seconds before the buzzer, which would have tied the score.

The Lakers led 26-25 at the quarter, and Dallas led 53-50 at the half. The Mavericks had a two-point advantage 82-80 the end of three quarters.

Both teams scored 23 points in the fourth quarter.

## IOC chief ready to visit North Korea to settle Olympic dispute

SEOUL (R) — Olympic Chief Juan Antonio Samaranch said Thursday he was prepared to visit Pyongyang in a last ditch attempt to persuade North Korea to compete in the Seoul Games.

At an airport news conference which followed a four-day visit to Seoul, the International Olympic Committee (IOC) president set conditions for Pyongyang which virtually ruled out any chance of North Korean participation.

The North has refused to send any athletes to Seoul because the IOC has refused its demand to be co-hosts.

Samaranch's statement that he was willing to visit Pyongyang followed meetings with key South Korean opposition politicians and dissident leaders Thursday.

During Samaranch's breakfast meeting with opposition leaders some 100 radical students demonstrated outside his Seoul hotel demanding that the IOC should allow Pyongyang to share the Olympics. Almost 70 students were arrested when riot police broke up the demonstration.

Last week, after violent protests in Seoul demanding a jointly-staged Olympics, the IOC reiterated its position that Pyongyang's demand ran counter to the Olympic charter.

Samaranch himself presided over four rounds of talks between North and South Korea in 1986 and 1987 in a fruitless attempt to reach a compromise.

## Jordan rally: A real challenge

AMMAN (J.T.) — Participants in the Jordan International Rally June 15-17 will face numerous challenges while traversing a grueling 1,150-kilometre route over asphalt, gravel, desert and forest tracks.

Ali Bilbeisi, navigator of the Royal Jordanian Silk Cut team, pronounced the Petra leg the most difficult, "because it's the longest and the roughest." "plus you have to keep the car in good shape for the third day," he added.

Drivers must first successfully manoeuvre the narrow winding mountain roads in and around Jerash. Competitors then face even tougher obstacles when the second leg takes them to Petra, where 16 special stages await. The lucky few who survive Petra's sharp twists and turns can expect a hectic third day, when 11 of 12 stages in Katrana and the desert near Queen Alia International Airport must be completed before lunch.

Bilbeisi described three or four stages of the last leg around Katrana as "quite rough." The main hardship in the first leg comes from the night factor, Bilbeisi noted. He singled out Ibbin as a particularly difficult stage, which must be run twice.

Jordanian drivers who participated in the Marriott Jerash Rally in March might be projected to have an edge over foreign competitors in the International. However, the night of the Jerash Rally, drivers were hindered by heavy rains, mud and dense fog. Despite the inclement weather conditions, His Royal Highness Prince Abdullah and co-driver Bilbeisi prevailed to win the event.

"Driving at night is always difficult," noted Bilbeisi. "And since it's only the first leg, we must drive in such a way as to preserve the car's excellent condition."

Although no one would dispute that the rally's special stages are rough, they are probably less so than last year, Bilbeisi remarked. This is thanks to the Royal Automobile Club, the rally's organisers, who have had many stages graded to ease pressure on the cars.

Bilbeisi said the Royal Jordanian Silk Cut Team's top foreign competitors will definitely be Said Al Hajri of Qatar and Mohammad Bin

Sulayem of Dubai. "They are still the top two drivers in the Middle East," noted Bilbeisi. "We expect very tough competition from them and from Michel Saleh of Dubai."

"We've never raced against a driver like David Llewellyn of Great Britain, but with his international experience and fame, his reputation precedes him," Bilbeisi remarked. Llewellyn, who recently spent a week in Jordan practicing the rally route, will be driving an Audi Quattro AZ. "He'll know the terrain and know what he's doing," so he might be tough competition for us," said Bilbeisi.

At practice sessions for the recent Al Tal Rumman Hill Climb, a top West German rally driver unofficially clocked the three-kilometre distance only one second ahead of Prince Abdullah. "This gives us a measure of our competence compared to European drivers," Bilbeisi explained. "Stage by stage, our drivers can compete with the best." "Our advantage is being familiar with the terrain," he added.

On the local scene, Bilbeisi considers Silk Cut's chief competitor Hani Bishara, the 1987 Jordan National Champion. "He'll probably drive a Toyota Celica and it's a compatible car with our Open Manta 400S," Bilbeisi remarked. "In last year's Jordan International, Bishara finished third, behind Al Hajri and Bin Sulayem. George Khayyat in a Nissan 240RS is also a good steady driver in the International, as are Issa Halaby and Sherif Jamil Nasser," added Bilbeisi.

He said Silk Cut teammate Nabil Karam has more experience rallying than any other Jordanian driver. "He knows the terrain and is at his best in the desert. No doubt he will make a very strong showing in the International," Bilbeisi said.

"The bottom line in international rallies is always bringing the car over the finish line," Bilbeisi noted. "This takes cooperation of the driver, the co-driver, the mechanics and a great deal of luck. Whoever stays in the race by the end of the tough Petra phase is the key to predicting the winner of the Jordan International."

## San Diego Yacht Club rejects Fay's new America's Cup offer

SAN DIEGO, California (R) —

The San Diego Yacht Club Thursday described as "totally unacceptable" an offer by New Zealand's Michael Fay to postpone the America's Cup defence until next year and dictate new guidelines for boat design.

San Diego officials reacted in a press release to a proposal Fay made to New York Supreme court judge Carmen Ciparick Wednesday.

Fay offered to postpone his challenge from this September until May 1989 if San Diego agreed to abandon its plans to use a catamaran to defend the cup and build a mono-hull similar to his 123-foot (37.5-metre) sloop. Fay specified in his new proposal that the boats for the America's Cup should have a "minimum weight of 60,000 pounds and a maximum of 100,000 pounds dry and without crew."

He also proposed that the contenders should have keel boats and be sloop-rigged.

Fay asked Ciparick last week to ban San Diego's much faster and smaller catamaran from the cup challenge series. He said the America's Cup would become the "America's joke" if the catamaran were allowed to defend the cup. San Diego won from Australia last year.

Fay, in San Diego for sea trials with his boat, told Reuters Thurs-

day before San Diego rejected his proposal that his offer had not been made to San Diego but to judge Ciparick, who had asked if Fay would give San Diego more time to build a mono-hulled boat if she outlawed the catamaran.

"I think it's a question of what the court will do. The options are in front of the court and it is up to the judge," Fay said.

He said his challenge, made through the Mercury Bay Boating Club, was aimed at giving all

challengers for the cup "as much freedom as anybody could want... by not putting design restraints on people but at the same time making sure that we have the essence of a match which is the two same boats out there."

Fay, interviewed in his dock-side offices, said the offer was "more of a response to the judge's inquiry and it's more in response to putting forward something in terms of our priorities which have always been... a successful America's Cup match out there on the water."

But San Diego retorted that changing course now would mean all the club's time, effort and money had been wasted.

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## Zvereva grabs limelight from Graf, reaches French Open final

PARIS (R) — Steffi Graf knew it would happen sooner or later, but probably not quite this soon. Reigning champion of France and Australia and ranked number one since August 16, 1987 when she usurped Martina Navratilova, she is also winner of over two million dollars and one of the most photographed women in the world.

But with her 19th birthday still 11 days away, the West German teenager has become old news at the French Open Tennis Championships.

Graf has been ever so sweetly nudged aside by Natalia Zvereva, her opponent in Saturday's women's singles final at Roland Garros.

Zvereva reached 17 only in April, but the young Soviet has turned on the charm to woo the whole of Paris.

With Navratilova among her conquests during the past fortnight, Zvereva has been in constant demand for interviews and her after-match news conferences have seen her develop into one of the finest young talents in tennis.

The question foremost in everyone's mind at Roland Garros is can she beat Graf? The champion has won 37 of her 39 matches this year, losing only to Gabriela Sabatini whom she crushed in Thursday's semifinals here.

"Oh, yes. I know I can beat Steffi," said Zvereva with conviction. "How? I have the correct tactical and mental approach. What are they? A secret."

Zvereva, who has a devastating drop-shot and wonderfully disguised two-fisted backhand, is equally teasing at play, though she was well below her best in the semifinals when she struggled to overcome unseeded Australian Nicole Provis.

"I had a little pain in my tummy and did not play as well as I can," Zvereva continued with a frown. "But I was not nervous, I suffered from bad concentration and that will not happen on Saturday," she added brightly. "I hope to give Steffi a great match."

Asked to reveal how much she has earned from tennis — the Soviet Federation has collected \$120,000 for her efforts to date — she replied with indignation: "I am not the cashier."

In contrast to the Russian, who will be ranked in the top 10 when the new list is released next week,

Grand Slam Championship semi-final with a remarkable 7-6, 7-5, 6-2 victory to continue his country's great tradition at Roland Garros.

Bjorn Borg, who first perfected the double-fisted style used by Svensson, was champion here six times, Matis Wilander has triumphed twice and Mikael Perfors was an unseeded finalist two years ago.

Lendl, champion in 1984, 1986 and 1987, had reached the quarter-finals with an unbeaten 18-match run on Parisian clay stretching back to June 1985 when he was runner up to Wilander.

The 60th French Championships at Roland Garros have been rich in surprises and Lendl's astonishing defeat follows those of seven times women's champion Chris Evert and twice title holder Martina Navratilova in the space of 24 hours last weekend.

In many ways, Lendl's exit is the biggest upset of all because he had looked in awesome form Wednesday when he completed a rain-interrupted 6-7, 7-6, 6-4, 6-4 victory over John McEnroe, yielding precisely three points in his last seven service games.

Current holder of the U.S. Open title, he was beaten by Pat Cash in the semifinals of the Australian Open.

But he has always been considered near-invincible on slow clay and Svensson, who had beaten Cash and compatriot Joakim Nyström and Kent Carlsson to reach the last eight, had to scale undreamed of heights to down the champion.

## GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES GOREN  
AND OMAR SHARIF  
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### CONDONING A CRIME

Both vulnerable. East deals.

**NORTH**  
♠ A J 8 5  
♥ A J 8 2  
♦ 10 2  
♣ 9 3  
**EAST**  
♠ Q 4 3  
♥ 7 6 2  
♦ Q 5  
♣ Q J 8 7 4 3  
**SOUTH**  
♠ K 10  
♥ K 9 6 4 3  
♦ K 6 5  
♣ Q 3 2

The bidding:  
East South West North  
1 ♠ Pass 1 ♦ DM  
3 ♠ 4 ♥ Pass Pass

Opening lead: Six of ♠.

Don't play bridge by rote. The bromides you learned at your mother's knee cover general situations, and they should never be allowed to replace common sense.

Since North's double promised both major suits, South judged his hand as being too good for three hearts, which might sound as if it were only competitive. His jump to game ended the auction.

West led his singleton club, East won the king and declarer shrewdly dropped the ten. Since a diamond ruff seemed like a good idea, East cashed the ace of diamonds, then had to decide how to continue. Since he did not know who held the device of clubs, East led the ace. West discarded a diamond, and declarer was in control. When the queen of trumps appeared on the second lead of the suit, declarer claimed the balance.

Now we, too, were taught that you should over trump your partner's ace. However, West could be reasonably certain his partner held a singleton ace of diamonds, and he also knew he had no fast entry to his hand in a side suit. Yet the only way he could defeat the contract was by giving his partner a ruff.

Even though West had the deepest respect for his mother and the advice she tendered, this was the time to ignore it. The simple and sure way to gain the lead was to trump his partner's ace of clubs. Then, and the diamond ruff at the next trick, would have garnered the four tricks necessary to defeat the game.

## THE BETTER HALF.

By Harris



"YOU took my hair dye out of our budget! YOU take this black pen and color over every gray hair!"

## JUMBLE.

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

UNOMT  
POREA  
DINDAC  
WUSBAY



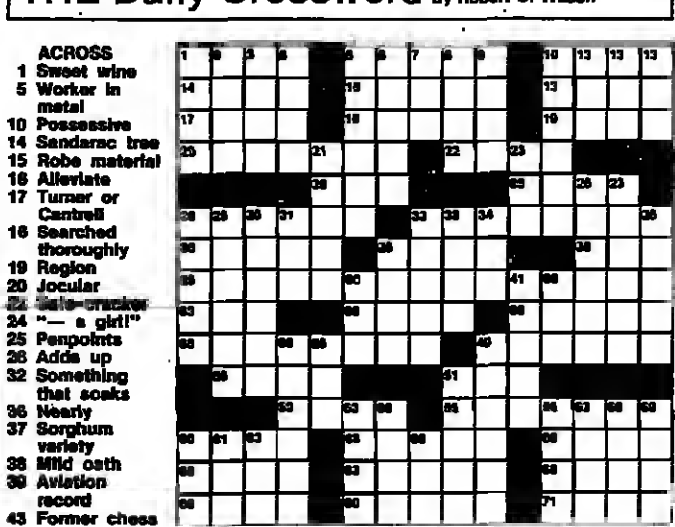
Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Answer: THAT'S "SPEAK FOR ITSELF"

Yesterday's Jumbles: FLAME LIBEL STICKY PERSON  
Answer: What you'd expect a good tongue sandwich to do—SPEAK FOR ITSELF

## HOROSCOPE NOT RECEIVED

## THE Daily Crossword by Robert O. Wilson

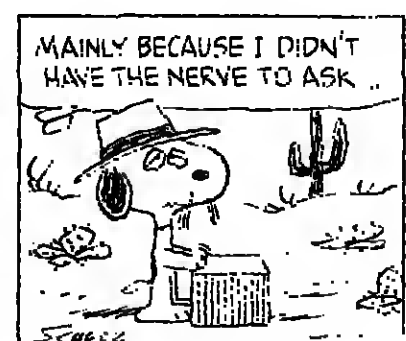
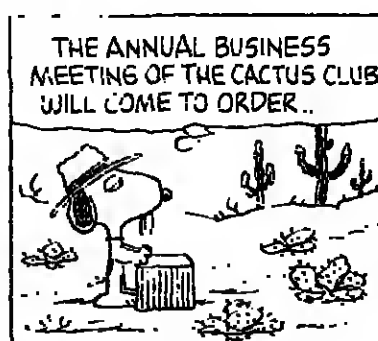


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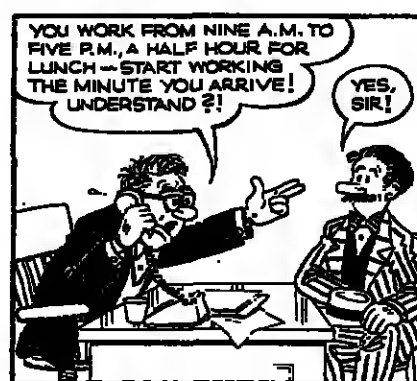
**ACROSS**  
1 Sweet wine  
5 Worker in metal  
10 Possessive  
14 Sanderac tree  
15 Robe material  
16 Alternate  
17 Turner or Cantrell  
18 Searched thoroughly  
19 Region  
20 Jocular  
21 Self-critical  
24 "— a girl!"  
25 Penpoints  
26 Adds up  
32 Something that soaks  
36 Nearly  
37 Scrumptious variety  
38 Mild oath  
39 Aviation record  
43 Former chess champion  
44 Title  
45 Brain channels  
46 Football team  
49 Old court cry  
50 Ma Adama  
61 "My — Sal!"  
62 Falls behind  
65 Senior citizen  
68 Nucha  
69 Disjointed  
65 — and hounds  
66 Monster  
67 Out-dated  
68 Seed  
69 Sign gas  
70 Os  
71 Gainsay

**DOWN**  
1 Insect feeler  
2 Noncupative  
3 Frog genus  
4 Salver  
5 Swaggers  
6 Repeats  
7 Nettle  
8 Playing card  
9 London park  
10 Age Chuck  
11 Peafowl  
12 Function  
13 Turmeric  
21 Fool talk  
22 Wildbeest  
26 Store  
27 Derisive  
28 Robert and William  
29 Flattened at the pole  
30 Laborer  
31 Mo.  
32 Windows  
33 Part of TAE  
34 Also  
35 Pithy  
37 Westland  
40 Bond  
41 Capitulate  
42 One — time  
47 "My Sister —"  
48 Pasture  
49 Woman's garment  
51 Furze  
53 Openings  
54 TIV  
56 Source of rose public  
57 Weight deduction  
58 Ireland  
59 Depend  
60 Negative prefix  
61 Ripen  
62 — bono  
64 Enzyme suffix

## Peanuts



## Mutt'n' Jeff





## Opposition parties allege election fraud in Sri Lanka

COLOMBO (Agencies) — Sri Lanka's opposition parties said Friday the June 2 provincial elections were marked by widespread fraud by the ruling party which won a majority of seats.

Colvin de Silva, leader of the leftist Party, which forms part of a coalition, blamed the ruling United National Party (UNP) for alleged irregularities. But UNP chairman Ranjan Wijaratne denied the allegations. "There must be concrete evidence that the UNP did it. They can't just blame us," he told reporters.

The UNP won in the latest set of elections to semi-autonomous councils in central and eastern provinces. At least six people were killed in violence during the elections.

The victory gives the UNP control of six of the island's nine provinces for which elections were held so far. The southern province votes on June 9.

The election yesterday was ugly-riden and impersonal-riden and was conducted in an atmosphere of complete fear of intimidation. "De Silva told us that the UNP had used the People's Liberation Front, a Sinhalese-backed Marxist group, for attacking polling stations with guns and bombs and setting fire to trains, buses and government buildings in an attempt to disrupt the poll."

The UNP won 35 seats in the central province with the United Front Alliance, a coalition of left parties, trailing with 15. The two-month-old Sri Lanka Muslim Congress took three seats.

The UNP got 52 in the western province, the Alliance 42, the Congress six, and the Liberal Party, a new group, gained two. Wijaratne said the UNP could have gained more seats if its supporters had not been intimidated by front threats.

Pieter Keuneman, leader of the Communist Party that forms part of the Alliance, told reporters the UNP had used its police force to intimidate voters at a polling station in Colombo.

He said the election presiding officer at the voting centre ignored protests made by the Alliance polling agent. M.H. Ashraff, leader of the 40-month-old Muslim Congress, said his party had lodged a protest to the elections department against men seen holding bundles

of polling cards at a polling station in Colombo and handing them out to voters.

"I blame the government for these tricks," he said. Liberal Party leader Chanaka Amarasinghe wrote to the department about alleged impersonations and unauthorised possession of voting cards by persons at another polling booth in Colombo.

Elections Commissioner Chandananda de Silva said he had directed the police to investigate into the complaints. Despite the front threats and the violence about 55 per cent of the eligible 3.6 million voters cast

their ballots. Suspected Sinhalese extremists killed two candidates in southern province elections and burned government buildings Friday, a day after trying unsuccessfully to disrupt voting, police said.

One victim belonged to the ruling United National Party and the other to a Communist Alliance, police in Colombo said.

The officer, who spoke on condition of anonymity, said he had no further details on the killings. The officers said at least 75 cases of arson were reported in the southern province, which is scheduled to hold elections for local government councils June 9.

The targets were government buildings and electricity and telephone posts, he said.

The violence erupted hours after officials announced results of elections Thursday in the western and central provinces.



Poul Schluter

## Schluter forms new coalition

COPENHAGEN (R) — Danish conservative leader Poul Schluter formed a new three-party coalition government Friday which the opposition predicted would be one of the weakest ever seen in the country.

The centre-right minority government, formed after more than three weeks of talks since an inconclusive election May 10, is a coalition of the conservative and liberal parties with the small radical Liberal Party, a newcomer to the administration.

One of Schluter's first tasks will be to tackle the issue of tightening a ban on nuclear weapons aboard visiting North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) ships, which sparked off the election.

Opposition Social Democratic leader Svend Auken, who failed to form his own coalition with the radicals, told journalists: "It will be one of the weakest governments we have ever seen. This will be a government term marked by instability."

The new administration, with only 67 seats in the 179-seat parliament, replaces Schluter's four-party coalition which had ruled Denmark since 1982.

Schluter called the May election after parliament approved an opposition Social Democratic resolution to give visiting ships a written reminder that they are not allowed to carry nuclear weapons into Danish ports.

The prime minister said this threatened Denmark's membership of the NATO alliance, because it ran counter to the policy of allies Britain and the United States not to divulge whether individual ships carried atomic arms.

## 23 bodies uncovered in W. German mine blast

BORKEN, West Germany (R) — Two days after explosions ravaged a West German colliery, rescue teams have winched to the surface the bodies of 23 of the 57 miners killed, rescue officials said on Friday.

About 100 salvage workers using ladders or carefully lowered by crane have located a further 13 bodies in a 25 kilometres maze of tunnels; local district council leader Ernst Wilke said.

Chief local prosecutor Stephan Salcher said initial examination of the corpses had shown that most of the miners slowly choked to death from carbon monoxide fumes.

Rescue workers told reporters they found some of the bodies

folded in sleeping positions. Others had apparently tried vainly to put on special breathing apparatus but the equipment would only have given them extra air for a few more hours.

In only two cases so far were bodies so badly damaged that the force of the blast was the most likely cause of death.

A special room has been set up 60 metres underground to coordinate the search. Officials said they hoped the remaining 21 bodies could be recovered by the end of the day after new parts of the mine have been ventilated.

Salcher said the question of criminal damage against the mine's owners, Preussenelektra, had not yet been considered.

## Police uncover more bodies in Golden Temple

NEW DELHI (Agencies) — At least five more bodies were recovered Friday from a mound of debris in the Golden Temple, the holiest Sikh shrine, the Press Trust of India reported.

The discoveries raised to 21 the number of bodies recovered from the temple since a siege by Sikh extremists ended May 18, the news agency said.

The victims, who include four women, were believed to have been tortured and killed by Sikh militants holed up in the Temple in Amritsar, 420 kilometres northwest of New Delhi.

Most of the bodies have been found in a dump next to the Akal Takht, or the seat of temporal power of the Sikh faith. The dump was filled with debris from reconstruction work on the building.

Militants who surrendered af-

ter Indian paramilitary troops surrounded the temple last month said during interrogation that at least 40 people had been killed in the complex, the United News of India said.

The news agency said the militants extorted money from the victims' families on the false promise that they would be freed. Sikh militants have been blamed for killing more than 1,240 people in northern Punjab state this year in their battle for an independent homeland.

More than 200 militants surrendered after the 10-day siege of the temple. At least 46 people, mainly Sikh radicals, were killed in shooting during the siege.

The police continue to maintain a cordon around the shrine to try to ensure that militants do not sneak back into the temple again.

## Philippine marines raid village

MANILA (R) — Marines stormed a southern Philippine village and freed 15 hostages held by Muslim separatist rebels for five days, the military said Friday.

One rebel was wounded in an exchange of fire before the guerrillas fled by boat from the village of Tandu Point in Zamboanga del Sur province Thursday, military spokesman Major Lauriano Palanas said.

The hostages — fishermen and their wives — were unharmed, he said.

The Moro National Liberation Front, which is seeking independence in southern Mindanao Island, had demanded 1,000 pesos (\$50) from each hostage in exchange for their freedom.

In Quezon province south of Manila, communist rebels hijacked a train, raided a farm and kidnapped four army lieutenants in separate attacks Wednesday, the military said. There were no reports of casualties.

About 100 guerrillas attacked a chicken farm owned by the San Miguel Corporation, the country's biggest food company, taking away money and computers. Several kilometres away, rebels disguised as soldiers mounted checkpoints and captured four army officers who were stopped at a roadblock.

Another group of insurgents hijacked a passenger train and picked up some of the rebels fleeing from the other two attacks.

"Their movements were very synchronised. They moved swiftly," a military officer in the area said.

## Column 80000

### Soviet parents name baby 'Ronald'

MOSCOW (AP) — Happy parents Romulad and Biruta Saltsevic from Soviet Latvia have named their fifth child, a boy weighing 5 kilograms, Ronald — for the U.S. president, the Soviet news agency TASS reports. TASS quoted Saltsevic, a railwayman, and his wife as saying they believe in the success of the current Soviet-U.S. summit in Moscow and hope for a peaceful future for their children and for all young people on earth.

### Iacocca writes new book

NEW YORK (AP) — Chrysler chairman and best-selling author Lee Iacocca is back with another autobiography, this time revealing that he once considered taking over General Motors but decided "it might be easier to buy Greece." "Talking Straight" is now in bookstores and the initial printing is 750,000. Booksellers hope it measures up to "Iacocca: An Autobiography," which has sold 2.6 million hardcover copies and 3.5 million paperback copies. In the new book, Iacocca writes that last spring, automobile dealer Victor Potamkin and Allied-Signal Chairman Ed Hennessy approached him separately to suggest an unsolicited takeover of the industry. Be-both, General Motors Corporation, at first, Iacocca wrote, he dismissed the idea. "I concluded that it might be easier to buy Greece," he said.

### Horse business not show business

OMAHA, Nebraska (AP) — Jack Klugman said he is concentrating on horse business, not show business these days. "I don't really want to work much right now," said Klugman, 66, who was in town Monday to promote the AK-Sar-Ben horse race track and present the trophy for the \$75,000 AK-Sar-Ben handicap. "If a part came up tomorrow that I love, thank God I'm in a position to wait. I just want to sit around and follow my horses." Klugman, star of television's "Odd Couple" and "Quincy," owns about 90 horses. "They're like my children. I breed them, I foal them and I go through their illnesses. And when they run, I get so nervous I almost hyperventilate," he said.

### McCartney releases album in Moscow

LONDON (AP) — Paul McCartney, a favourite of Soviet music fans, will be the first western star to release a record album exclusively in the Soviet Union, the EMI Record Company announced Thursday. EMI said the 13-track collection of rock-'n'-roll classics will be distributed in October under the Soviet Melodia label. McCartney, whose hits include "Back in the USSR," said: "Since the Beatles days many of my most loyal fans have been in Russia. It has always concerned me that these people hear our music many years after its release or through illegal importing and home taping. The new spirit of friendship has enabled me to make this gesture to my Russian fans."

### Children find Byzantine treasure

ISTANBUL (R) — Two Turkish children swimming off a Mediterranean beach have discovered a hoard of 6th century Byzantine coins, the Anatolian News Agency said Thursday. The agency quoted museum officials as saying that after the children found four bronze coins in three metres of water, museum divers discovered 1,093 similar coins nearby. Officials said the hoard may be connected with debris from an ancient shipwreck also discovered at the site, near Lara Beach in Antalya province.

### Sony unveils video walkman

TOKYO (R) — One of the world's most innovative electronics companies, Sony, unveiled Tuesday the video walkman — a combination video recorder and television about the size of a fat paperback book. The machine is equipped with a three-inch LCD (liquid crystal display) screen and an eight-MM video tape recorder which the company is still fighting to establish as the standard mini-video cassette format. "We hope the video walkman will augur in a new video era," a company spokesman told a news conference. The 1.1 kilogramme video/TV machine, designated the GV-8, will be sold in Japan for 128,000 yen (\$1,000).

## Bomb kills 4 in S. Africa

JOHANNESBURG (AP) — A bomb, apparently hidden in a ash bin exploded Friday outside a bank, killing four people and injuring 19, police said. It was the deadliest bombing in South Africa in a year.

The lunch-hour blast occurred inside a branch of the Standard Bank in Roodepoort, a city on the west side of Johannesburg.

A police spokesman, Major Iene Halgryn, said those killed included three black men and a woman whose race was not immediately known.

Halgryn said eight people were seriously injured, including two whites and six blacks. He said 11 other people suffered lesser injuries.

The blast shattered at least a dozen windows in the bank, and glass was strewn across a nearby intersection in Roodepoort's central business district. Police cordoned off the area.

## Seoul proposes high-level discussions with the North

SEOUL (AP) — South Korea Friday proposed new high-level political talks with North Korea, possibly in June, to discuss the Olympics and other pending issues between the two Koreas.

South Korean Prime Minister Lee Hyun-Jae made the proposal in a letter addressed to his North Korean counterpart, Lee Gun Mo. The letter was read by Culture-Information Minister Chung Han-Mo on a national radio network.

"I respectfully propose talks between high-level authorities of South and North Korea to speedily dispel the mistrust that is now standing in the way of peaceful unification..." Lee said.

Government officials said South Korea informed North Korea Tuesday that it would hand over the letter at the truce village of Panmunjom Friday, but North Korea refused to receive it.

The proposed talks, Lee said, would be held either in Seoul or Pyongyang, the two Korean capitals, "at an early date, preferably within June."

Delegations of the two sides would consist of about five officials each and be headed by a cabinet minister, Lee said.

The talks, if held, would be the first inter-Korea contact since the spring of 1986 when North Korea unilaterally suspended all dialogue with South Korea, citing joint U.S.-South Korea military exercises.

Lee said the proposed talks would discuss, among other things, North Korea's participation in this fall's Olympics in Seoul, exchanges of people from all walks of life and the opening of old channels of dialogue suspended in 1986.

North Korea has been pushing its own proposal for political talks with South Korea, to be attended by 50 government and opposition

politicians each from the two Koreas.

South Korea rejected the North Korean proposals as an "unrealistic political offensive."

Lee's proposal came amid mounting opposition demands in South Korea that the Seoul government make concessions to persuade North Korea to take part in the Olympics.

North Korea has said it would boycott the Olympics unless it was made a co-host to the games opening on Sept. 17. The International Olympic Committee and South Korea rejected the co-hosting demand.

### Riots broken up

Hundreds of riot police broke up an anti-Olympic protest and arrested about 100 students who tried to march on a hotel where the chief of the IOC was staying Thursday.

## S. African prisoners start hunger strike

CAPE TOWN (AP) — Nine blacks and two whites on trial for treason and terrorism have started a hunger strike to protest conditions in prison, according to their families. The group, accused of membership in the outlawed African National Congress liberation movement, includes Jennifer Schreiner, 31, a white whose father is an administrator at University of Natal in Durban. Parents of most of the defendants held a news conference Wednesday to say the 11 had begun an indefinite fast Tuesday at Pollsmoor prison in Cape Town. According to the parents, Schreiner and a white man, Christopher Giffard, do not want to be kept in whites-only sections of the prison. They said that Schreiner has asked to be placed with the lone black woman charged in the case and that Giffard has asked to be placed with the eight black male defendants. The group also is demanding better food and a halt to alleged abuse by prison personnel, the relatives said.

## Harmless AIDS strain discovered

TOKYO (R) — Scientists at Tokyo University believe they have discovered a harmless strain of the AIDS virus in African monkeys, the leader of the research team said Thursday. Professor Masanori Hayami told Reuters in a telephone interview that differences between the harmless virus, found in African green monkeys, and the lethal human virus could help determine why AIDS kills. One gene found in the viruses which make humans develop the AIDS disease is missing in the monkey strain, he said. "So we think that it is just possible that gene could be responsible for causing humans to develop AIDS," said Hayami. The research team has been working on the genetic make-up of the AIDS virus for two years and the June 2 edition of the international science journal Nature, published in London, carried a paper on their findings.

## Woman sets herself alight in Moscow

MOSCOW (R) — An unidentified woman set fire to herself Friday in Moscow's Red Square, an eyewitness told. Alan Kyrle, an engineer with the international television news agency VISNEWS, said he saw the woman engulfed in flames and waving her arms wildly near the main entrance to the Kremlin before police rushed up and wrapped her in a blanket. Police declined to comment on the incident. Moscow dissident Sergei Grigoryants said that in February a 50-year-old mother of four set herself alight near the reception rooms of the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet (parliament) to protest against the fact that she was homeless. He did not know whether she survived. On Thursday, about 30 homeless people from various provincial towns held a demonstration on the edge of Red Square which was broken up by police. Grigoryants added.

## Indonesia dismisses trespassing charges

TANJUNG PINANG, Indonesia (R) — An Indonesian court Thursday dismissed charges against a group of foreign scuba divers who have been held for the past 10 weeks for trespassing in Indonesia's waters. Presiding Judge Munzir Syarkawish rejected the prosecution charges and upheld objections by the defence counsel that they constituted a defamation of the accused. Prosecutor Halius Hosen said he would consider appealing against the verdict. They were all detained at gunpoint March 22 when their boat was escorted into Tanjung Pinang harbour, about 100 kilometres south-east of Singapore by an Indonesian patrol vessel. The prosecution charged they had entered Indonesian waters illegally and were conducting scientific research in Indonesia's restricted offshore economic zone without the necessary authorisation. The 10, who denied they were treasure hunters, said they were on a two-week scuba diving holiday and were in international waters when they were picked up.

ملكا من الامل